# TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA

# **COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

Year Ended June 30, 2015

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#### **TOWN COUNCIL:**

Leonard Rogers, Mayor Crystal Lyke, Vice-Mayor Kent Gilley James A. Stone Nancy Bailey Philip Robbins Gary Johnson

# **TOWN OFFICERS:**

Pat Murphy, Town Manager Steve Hamm, Chief of Police Judy Hall, Town Clerk/Treasurer

# TOWN LEGAL COUNSEL:

Charles Bledsoe, Attorney at Law



#### Management Discussion and Analysis

#### November 24, 2015

To the Honorable Mayor and Town Council To the Citizens of the Town of Big Stone Gap

On behalf of the Town Administration for the Town of Big Stone Gap, we offer the readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities at the end of the fiscal year by \$41,345,872 (net position). Of this amount, \$39,466,960 can be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations.
- At June 30, 2015, the Town reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,037,426, an increase of \$213,413 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 17.00 % of this total amount is available for spending at the Town Council's discretion. (unassigned fund balance).
- As of June 30, 2015, the General Fund had a total Fund Balance of \$ 3,037426.
- The Town of Big Stone Gap's total debt decreased by \$571,974 during the fiscal year. The total debt outstanding as of June 30, 2015 was \$ 15,892,233.
- As of June 30, 2015, the Town's Legal Debt Margin was \$17,828, 316.
- The Water/Sewer Proprietary Fund had a decrease in Net Position for the year of \$842,604.

# **Overview of Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's financial statements are comprised of three components:

- Government wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

This report also includes other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements – The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases to net assets may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the Town's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods, such as uncollected taxes.

The Government – wide financial statements include not only the Town of Big Stone Gap (primary government), but also its component units:

<u>Fund financial statements</u> – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. All of the funds of the Town of Big Stone Gap can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

# Government - Wide Financial Analysis

Summary of Statement of Net Position - June 30, 2015

Current & other assets Capital assets Other noncurrent assets Deferred Outflows <b>Total Assets</b>	Governmental <u>Activities</u> \$ 3,763,263 \$ 6,144,053 \$ -0- <u>\$ 202,540</u> <b>\$10,109,856</b>	Business Type Activities \$ 1,439,562 \$ 28,660,470 \$ 1,028,314 \$ 107,670 \$ 31,236,016	Total \$ 5,202,825 \$ 34,804,523 \$ 1,028,314 \$ 310,210 41,345,872
Current & other liabilities Long-term liabilities Deferred Inflows <b>Total Liabilities</b>	\$ 931,912 \$ 1,712,074 <u>\$ 399,320</u> <b>\$ 3,043,306</b>	\$ 1,228,191 \$ 15,643,393 \$ 196,680 \$ 17,068,264	\$ 2,160,103 \$17,355,467 \$ 596,000 \$ 20,111,570
Net Position: Invested in Capital assets (Net of related debt) Restricted Unrestricted <b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 5,836,586 \$ 433,933 <u>\$ 796,031</u> <b>\$ 7,066,550</b>	\$ 14,104,154 \$ 576,522 \$ (512,924) \$ 14,167,752	\$ 19,940,740 \$ 1,010,455 \$ 283,107 \$ 21,234,302

Net position serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Town's combined net position totals \$21,234,302. By far, the largest portion of this represents investments in capital assets, such as land, buildings, machinery, and equipment. Capital assets net of related debt total \$19,940,740. The Town of Big Stone Gap uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; and thus these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate liabilities. Net position includes \$1,587,132 non-spendable, \$435,429 restricted, \$147,600 committed, \$366,522 assigned, and \$500,743 is unassigned and may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Governmental Activities - Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$626,514. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Revenues: Program Revenues:	Governmental Activities Year Ended June 30, 2015
Charges for Services	\$ 426,077
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 1,204,384
Capital Grants and Contributions	\$ 93,598
General Revenues:	
Property Taxes	\$ 1,009,334
Other Local Taxes	\$ 1,532,062
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 35,252
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	\$ 1,676
Other	<u>\$ 440,150</u>
Total Revenues	\$ 4,742,533
Expenses:	
General Government	\$ 1,051,566
Public Safety	\$ 1,412,244
Public Works	\$ 1,012,813
Health and Welfare	\$ 25,299
Parks, Recreation, Culture	\$ 582,673
Community Development	\$ 15,850
Interest on Long Term Debt	\$ 15,573
Non-departmental	\$0-
Total Expenses	\$ 4,116,018
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 626,515

Included in the Total Expenses are non-cash items including depreciation.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental Funds – The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. This information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The Town's governmental funds include the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds. Governmental Fund Highlights:

The largest sources of revenue in the General Fund for the year are as follows:

	2015	<u>2014</u>
General Property Taxes	\$ 991,206	\$ 1,023,133
Other Local Taxes	\$ 1,532,062	\$ 1,508,317
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses	\$ 3.814	\$ 2,382
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 30,032	\$ 22,755
Revenue From Use of Money and Property	\$ 15.946	\$ 16,038
Charges for Services	\$ 426,077	\$ 441,186
Miscellaneous	\$ 246,530	\$ 38,470
Recovered Costs	\$ 146,301	\$ 121,000
Inter-Governmental	\$ 1,333,234	\$ 2,307,157

The Town's assessed value of real estate for the year was \$ 178,283,162. The real estate tax rate is \$ .44 per \$ 100 of assessed value. For the year, the percent of levy collected was \$4.37%

The Town's business type activity is the Water/Sewer Proprietary Fund. During the year this fund had net loss (change in net position) of \$53,244. Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$191,188 to \$2,581,505.

The Town's General Fund Final Budget to Actual comparison for the year was as follows:

	<u>Final B</u>	<u>udget</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>ctual</u>		<u>lariance</u> rable (Unfav.)
Total Revenues Total Expenses Excess of Revenues	\$    5,60 <u>\$    5,60</u>	)6,874 )6,874		4,932,082 <u>4,718,669</u>	\$ \$	(674,792) <u>888,205</u>
Over Expenses	\$	-0-	\$	213,413	\$	213,413

Additional information may be obtained by contacting the Town Manager, Mr. Pat Murphy or the Town Clerk/Treasurer, Ms. Judy Hall at the Town of Big Stone Gap offices 276-523-0115.

# THROWER, BLANTON & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

& Consultants

Founded 1948

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

The Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Big Stone Gap, Virginia Big Stone Gap, VA 24219

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Big Stone Gap, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Big Stone Gap, Virginia as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 20 to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2015, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, which provide new accounting guidance that addresses accounting and financial reporting for pensions that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employer through pension plans that are administered through trusts. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

The Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Big Stone Gap, Virginia Big Stone Gap, VA 24219 Page 2 (Independent Auditor's Report)

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 7 and 56 through 60, the Schedules of Required Supplementary Information, including the Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Contributions, and Notes to the Required Supplemental Information, on pages 62 through 64, and the Schedules of Funding Progress on page 51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The statistical section and compliance section information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United State of America.

The statistical section and compliance sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 24, 2015 on our consideration of the Town of Big Stone Gap's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing on internal control over financial reporting and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

THROWER, BLANTON & ASSOCIATES, P. ( Certified Public Accountants

Norton, Virginia November 24, 2015

# THROWER, BLANTON & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Big Stone Gap, Virginia Big Stone Gap, VA 24219

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Big Stone Gap, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Big Stone Gap, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 24, 2015.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the Town's financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the separately issued schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be significant deficiencies. (Ref. 2015-001 and 2015-002)

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our test disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Big Stone Gap, Virginia Big Stone Gap, VA 24219 Page 2 (Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards)

#### Response to Findings

The Town of Big Stone Gap's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the separately issued schedule of findings and responses. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Town of Big Stone Gap, Virginia in a separate letter dated November 24, 2015.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide and opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

THROWER, BLANTON & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Norton, Virginia November 24, 2015

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#### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA LAWS, REGULATIONS, CONTRACTS, AND GRANTS

The Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Big Stone Gap, Virginia Big Stone Gap, VA 24219

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Big Stone Gap, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated November 24, 2015.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audit of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement.

Compliance with Commonwealth of Virginia laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to the Town of Big Stone Gap, Virginia, is the responsibility of the Town's management. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the Town of Big Stone Gap's compliance with certain provisions of the Commonwealth of Virginia's laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, the objective of our audit of the financial statements was not to provide an opinion on overall compliance with such provisions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Following is a summary of the Commonwealth of Virginia's laws, regulations, contracts, and grants for which we performed tests of compliance:

#### Code of Virginia

- \* Budget and Appropriation Laws
- \* Cash and Investment Laws
- \* Conflicts of Interest
- \* Retirement Systems

#### State Agency Requirements

• Highway Maintenance Funds

- \* Debt Provisions
- Procurement
- \* Unclaimed Property

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance with the provisions referred to in the preceding paragraph. With respect to items not tested, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Town of Big Stone Gap, Virginia, had not complied, in all material respects, with those provisions.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Town Council, management, the Auditor of Public Accounts, and applicable state agencies, and is intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

TARWER, BLANTON & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

November 24, 2015

### **TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA** STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2015

	Primary (		
ASSETS	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business Type <u>Activities</u>	Total
Cash and cash equivalents			
Receivables:	\$ 1,331,984	\$ 1,196,699	\$ 2,528,683
Taxes			
Accounts	157,686	-	157,686
Other	24,942	381,919	406,861
Prepaid expenses	66,233	-	66,233
Due from other governmental units	43,241	20,029	63,270
Internal Balances	101,180	-	101,180
Restricted Assets:	1,543,891	(1,543,891)	-
Cash			
Capital assets, depreciable, net	494,106	1,384,806	1,878,912
Capital assets, non-depreciable	3,532,640	28,660,470	32,193,110
Capital assets, non-depreciable	2,611,413	1,028,314	3,639,727
Total Assets	9,907,316	31,128,346	41,035,662
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred pensions	202 540	107 (70	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	202,540	107,670	310,210
	202,540	107,670	310,210
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 10,109,856	\$ 31,236,016	\$ 41,345,872
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	176,660	215,247	201.007
Accrued liabilities and wages	102,257	56,919	391,907
Payable From Restricted Assets:	102,257	50,919	159,176
Deposits	_	122,300	122 200
Drug task force reserve	310,227	122,500	122,300
Matured revenue interest	136	22,683	310,227
OPEB liability	187,428	83,258	22,819
Long-term liabilities	107,420	63,238	270,686
Net pension liability	1,305,160	642,840	1.040.000
Due within one year	66,961	680,015	1,948,000
Due in more than one year	240,506	14,904,615	746,976
Compensated absences	240,500	14,904,015	15,145,121
Due within one year	88,243	17 760	126.012
Due in more than one year	166,408	47,769	136,012
•	100,408	95,938	262,346
Total Liabilities	2,643,986	16,871,584	19,515,570
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred pensions	399,320	196,680	506 000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	399,320	196,680	<u> </u>
NET POSITION			536,000
Net investment in capital assets	5,836,586	14,104,154	10 040 740
Restricted	433,933	576,522	19,940,740
Unrestricted	796,031	(512,924)	1,010,455 283,107
Total Net Position			·
	7,066,550	14,167,752	21,234,302
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 10,109,856	\$ 31,236,016	\$ 41,345,872

#### TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES June 30, 2015

				Program Revenues		Ν	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets					
									Primary Government			
					O	perating	Capital			Business-		
				Charges for	Gr	rants and	Grants and	G	Governmental	Туре		
UNCTIONS/PROGRAMS:		Expenses		Services	Con	tributions	Contribution	s	Activities	Activities		Total
Governmental Activities:												
General government	\$	1,051,566	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	(1,051,566)	\$	- \$	(1,051,566)
Public safety		1,412,244		67,658		336,228	23,88	7	(984,471)	H	•	(984,471)
Public works		1,012,813		288,848		860,305		-	136,340		-	136,340
Health and welfare		25,299				-		-	(25,299)		-	(25,299)
Parks, recreation, and cultural		582,673		69,571		7,851	62,46	1	(442,790)		-	(442,790)
Community development		15,850		-		-	7,25		(8,600)		-	(8,600)
Interest on long-term debt		15,573		-		-		-	(15,573)		-	(15,573)
Non-departmental		-		-		-		-	-			-
Total Governmental Activities		4,116,018		426,077	***	1,204,384	93,59	8	(2,391,959)			(2,391,959)
Business-Type Activities:												
Water		2,612,238		2,495,051			120,27	5		3,089		3,089
Wastewater		1,488,939		1,427,363		-	120,27		-			-
Total Business-Type Activities	•••	4,101,177		3,922,414						(61,576		(61,576)
		4,101,177		5,722,414			120,27	<u> </u>		(58,487	)	(58,487)
FAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	8,217,195	<u>\$</u>	4,348,491	<u>\$</u>	1,204,384	<u>\$ 213,87</u>	<u>+ </u> \$	(2,391,959)	\$ (58,487	) <u>s</u>	(2,450,446)
			Gene	eral Revenues:								
			Prop	erty taxes					1,009,334	-		1,009,334
			Loca	l sales & use ta	x				216,601	-		216,601
			Utilit	y tax					117,459	-		117,459
			Busir	ess license tax					235,597	-		235,597
			Com	nunication taxe	es				190,672	-		190,672
			Moto	r vehicle licens	e				44,237	-		44,237
			Bank	stock tax					105,229	-		105,229
			Cigar	ette tax					28,550	-		28,550
			Hotel	and motel roor	n tax				9,185	-		9,185
			Resta	urant food tax					550,805	-		550,805
			Coal	road improvem	ent tax				33,727	-		33,727
			Unres	tricted intergov	/ernmen	tal revenue			35,252	-		35,252
			Unres	tricted investm	ent earn	ings			1,676	5,243		6,919
			Renta	l of Town prop	erty				14,270	-		14,270
			Gain	on sale of capit	al assets				-	-		-
			Recov	ered Costs					146,301	-		146,301
			Other						279,579			279,579
				otal general rev		nd transfers			3,018,474	5,243		3,023,717
			С	hange in net po	sition				626,514	(53,244)		573,270
			NET	POSITION - J	ULY 1.	as restated			6,440,036	14,220,996		20,661,032
					,				0,110,050	14,220,770		20,001,052

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#### TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 1,331,984	\$-	\$ 1,331,984
Taxes	157,686	-	157,686
Accounts	24,942		24,942
Other	65,583	-	65,583
Prepaid expenses	43,241	-	43,241
Due from other funds	1,543,891	-	1,543,891
Due from other governmental units	101,180	-	101,180
Restricted Assets: Cash			
	494,106		494,106
Total Assets	\$ 3,762,613	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,762,613
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 176,660	\$-	\$ 176,660
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	102,257	-	102,257
Payable From Restricted Assets:			
Drug task force reserve	310,227	-	310,227
Due to other funds	-		•
Total Liabilities	589,144		589,144
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred property taxes	136,043		126 042
	150,045		136,043
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	136,043		136,043
FUND BALANCES:			
Nonspendable	1,587,132	-	1,587,132
Restricted	435,429	_	435,429
Committed	147,600	-	147,600
Assigned	366,522	-	366,522
Unassigned	500,743	-	500,522
Total Fund Balances	3,037,426	and the second	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 3,762,613	<u>\$</u>	<u>3,037,426</u> <u>3,762,613</u>
Total Fund Balances	\$ 3,037,426		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the			
governmental funds.	6,144,053		
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	136,693		
Deferred outflows of resources reported in the Statement of Net Position	202,540		
Other liabilities are not required to be paid out of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(254,651)		
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(1,800,191)		
Deferred inflows of resources reported in the Statement of Net Position	(399,320)		
Net Position of Governmental Activities			
The accompanying notes are an integral pa	<u>\$ 7,066,550</u> rt of the financial	statements	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

#### TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2015

	GOVERNM	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
	General	Special Revenue	June 30, 2015	
REVENUES:				
General property taxes	\$ 991,206	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 991,206	
Other local taxes	1,532,062	-	1,532,062	
Permits, privilege fees and				
regulatory licenses	3,814	-	3,814	
Fines and forfeitures	30,032	-	30,032	
Revenue from use of			, · ·	
money and property	15,946	7	15,953	
Charges for services	426,077	20	426,097	
Miscellaneous	246,530	-	246,530	
Recovered costs	146,301	-	146,301	
Intergovernmental	1,333,234	-	1,333,234	
Total Revenues	4,725,202	27	4,725,229	
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government				
administration	898,907	_	898,907	
Public safety	1,522,304	-		
Public works	1,030,370	-	1,522,304	
Health and welfare	25,299	-	1,030,370	
Parks, recreation and	23,233	-	25,299	
cultural	889,901		880.001	
Community development		-	889,901	
Non-departmental	190,337	-	190,337	
Debt Service:	-	-	-	
Principle retirement	(5 404			
Interest	65,404	-	65,404	
Total Expenditures	15,573		15,573	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	4,638,095		4,638,095	
Over Expenditures	07.107			
over Expenditures	87,107	27	87,134	
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):</b>				
Sale of property	-	-		
Insurance recoveries	2,779	_	2,779	
Loan proceeds	123,500	_	123,500	
Transfers in (out)	80,574	(80,574)	125,500	
Total Other Financing	00,071	(00,574)		
Sources (Uses)	206,853	(80,574)	126 270	
		(80,574)	126,279	
Net Change in Fund Balance	293,960	(80,547)	213,413	
FUND BALANCE AT JULY 1	2,743,466	80,547	2,824,013	
FUND BALANCE AT JUNE 30	\$ 3,037,426	<u> </u>	\$ 3,037,426	

#### TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2015

		General Fund
Net Change in Fund Balance Governmental Fund: Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	\$	213,413
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
periodi		408,279
Governmental funds report the sale of fixed assets as equal to the proceeds received from the sale. The amount required to adjust for the basis remaining on the date of sale.		-
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		16,727
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.		(58,096)
		(38,070)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, other post employement benefits and accrued interest, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not required as		
expenditures in governmental funds.		46,191
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	626,514

# TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA BALANCE SHEET

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2015

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	TOTAL June 30,
ASSETS	2015	2015	2015
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 270,680	\$ 926,019	\$ 1,196,699
Receivables (Net of Allowance		¢ ,20,019	• 1,190,099
for Uncollectibles):			
Accounts	267,771	114,148	381,919
Accrued interest	-	-	-
Due from other funds		1,581,435	1,581,435
Due from other governmental units	-	-	-
Prepaid expenses	13,368	6,661	20,029
Restricted Assets:			
Cash	975,775	409,031	1,384,806
Land	810,000	70,000	880,000
Capital assets, net	17,461,512	11,347,272	28,808,784
Total Assets	19,799,106	14,454,566	34,253,672
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred pensions	74,604	33,066	107,670
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	74,604	33,066	
			107,670
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS			
OF RESOURCES	\$ 19,873,710	\$ 14,487,632	\$ 34,361,342
	• 19,019,110	φ <u>14,407,052</u>	\$ 54,501,542
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 162,419	\$ 52,828	\$ 215,247
Accrued wages and liabilities	42,725	14,194	56,919
Payable From Restricted Assets:	12,723	14,124	50,919
Customer deposits	122,300		122,300
Due to other funds	2,831,475	293,851	3,125,326
Accrued interest payable	18,666	4,017	22,683
Bonds and notes payable	379,697	300,318	680,015
Compensated absences	36,555	11,214	47,769
Total Current Liabilities	3,593,837	676,422	4,270,259
Noncurrent liabilities:		•••••	
Bonds and notes payable	0.076.750		
OPEB liability	9,976,759	4,927,856	14,904,615
Compensated absenses	58,737	24,521	83,258
Net pension liability	73,669	22,269	95,938
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	437,131	205,709	642,840
	10,546,296	5,180,355	15,726,651
Total Liabilities	14,140,133	5,856,777	19,996,910
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred pensions	133,742	62,938	196,680
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	133,742	62,938	196,680
NET DOUTION			
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	7,915,056	6,189,098	14,104,154
Restricted-Debt Service	167,491	409,031	576,522
Unrestricted	(2,482,712)	1,969,788	(512,924)
Total Net Position	5,599,835	8,567,917	14,167,752
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$ 19,873,710	\$ 14,487,632	\$ 34,361,342

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

#### TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Water Fund June 30, 2015	Sewer Fund June 30, 2015	TOTAL June 30, 2015		
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Water rents	\$ 2,474,554	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 2,474,554		
Sewer rents	-	1,392,260	1,392,260		
Sale of labor and materials	3,030	100	3,130		
Water and sewer tap fees	6,581	1,200	7,781		
Miscellaneous	10,886	33,803	44,689		
Total Operating Revenues	2,495,051	1,427,363	3,922,414		
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personal services	685,335	328,576	1,013,911		
Fringe benefits	235,985	114,353	350,338		
Contractual services	110,155	49,857	160,012		
Other charges	608,591	324,251	932,842		
Depreciation	612,747	600,452	1,213,199		
Total Operating Expenses	2,252,813	1,417,489	3,670,302		
Operating Income (Loss)	242,238	9,874	252,112		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) :					
Grant revenue	99,305	-	99,305		
Interconnect revenue	20,971	-	20,971		
Interest income	3,334	1,909	5,243		
Interest expense	(359,425)	(71,450)	(430,875)		
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	(235,815)	(69,541)	(305,356)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	6,423	(59,667)	(53,244)		
NET POSITION AT JULY 1, as restated	5,593,412	8,627,584	14,220,996		
NET POSITION AT JUNE 30	\$ 5,599,835	\$ 8,567,917	\$ 14,167,752		

#### TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Year Ended June 30, 2015

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		Vater Fund	S	ewer Fund	TOTAL	
Cash received from customers	\$	2,476,210	\$	1,395,175	¢ 2 971 295	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	Ð	(925,017)	Ф		\$ 3,871,385	
Cash payments to employees for services		(692,318)		(484,983)	(1,410,000)	
Other operating income				(341,169)	(1,033,487)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<b></b>	20,497		35,103	55,600	
ADA CASHTRO ( DED DI OI ERATING ACTIVITIES		879,372		604,126	1,483,498	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		2,600		_	2,600	
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds/governments		64,451		-	64,451	
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		-		(37,500)	(37,500)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING				(21,000)	(37,300)	
ACTIVITIES		67,051		(37,500)	29,551	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
(Increase) decrease in capital assets		(170,335)		(63,909)	(234,244)	
(Increase) decrease in construction in progress		(148,313)		-	(148,313)	
Principle paid on revenue bond maturities and					(1,0,010)	
equipment contracts		(370,347)		(298,897)	(669,244)	
Principle advances from bond and note proceeds		39,038		-	39,038	
Contributed capital and Grant revenue		120,276		-	120,276	
Interest paid on revenue bonds and equipment					,	
contracts		(362,585)		(72,032)	(434,617)	
NET CASH USED FOR CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(892,266)				
		(892,200)		(434,838)	(1,327,104)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest and dividends on investments		3,334		1,909	5,243	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		3,334		1,909	5,243	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	Y.	57,491		133,697	191,188	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	<b></b>	1,188,964		1,201,353	2,390,317	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30, 2015						
Unrestricted	\$	270 (00	¢			
Restricted	3	270,680	\$	926,019	\$ 1,196,699	
		975,775		409,031	1,384,806	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$	1,246,455		1,335,050	\$ 2,581,505	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH						
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	242,238	\$	9,874	\$ 252,112	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to						
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:						
Depreciation		612,747		600,452	1,213,199	
Provision for compensated absences		3,713		(4,091)	(378)	
Net pension obligation		(40,995)		(17,015)	(58,010)	
Change in Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities,					、 -, )	
and Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		1,656		2,915	4,571	
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		(13,368)		(6,661)	(20,029)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		74,549		22,941	97,490	
Increase (decrease) in wages payable		(10,696)		(8,502)	(19,198)	
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability		9,528		4,213	13,741	
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		637,134		594,252	1,231,386	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	879,372		604,126	\$ 1,483,498	

Disclosure of Accounting Policy - For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the water and sewer funds consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted maturity of three months or less) when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Big Stone Gap, Virginia, conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to government units. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Town of Big Stone Gap, Virginia is a municipality governed by an elected seven-member council. The reporting entity of the Town has been determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. In addition, the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of management's estimates. As required by those principles, these financial statements present the Town of Big Stone Gap, Virginia (the primary government).

#### **Financial Reporting Model**

GASB issued Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments* (Statement) which established new requirements and a new reporting model for the annual financial reports of state and local governments. The Statement was developed to make annual reports easier to understand and more useful to the people who use governmental financial information to make decisions. Because of the significant changes in financial reporting under the Statement, implementation was phased in (based on the size of the government) beginning with fiscal year ended 2002 (for larger governments). As part of the Statement, there is a new reporting requirement regarding the local government's infrastructure (roads, bridges, traffic signals, etc.) This requirement permits an optional delay for implementation to the fiscal year ending in 2008. The Town implemented the basic model in fiscal year 2005 and completed the implementation of the infrastructurerelated portion of the Statement in fiscal year 2008.

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental* activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type* activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### June 30, 2015

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, license, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The special revenue fund accounts for the operations of the Community Development Fund.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water operation fund provides drinking water and maintains the facilities necessary to provide this service. Its primary revenue source is user charges and fees.

The sewer operation fund provides maintenance to the sewer lines and pump stations and derives the majority of its revenue through user charges and fees.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Town has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those derived from special assessments, expendable trusts, or dedicated for major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action.

The special revenue fund consists of the Community Development Fund.

#### **Budgeting and Budgetary Accounting**

Budgets are employed by the primary government as a financial control device from the General, Special Revenue, and Proprietary Funds. An annual appropriated budget is legally adopted for the General Fund through ordinances passed by Town Council.

Annual budgets prepared by management are utilized for the Special Revenue and the Proprietary Funds. Therefore, the Special Revenue and Proprietary Funds are not included in the budget and actual comparisons.

For the General Fund, the Town Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items of departments. Revisions that alter the total appropriations for a department must be approved by Town Council. Therefore, the level of control at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations is the total expenditure level of each department. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

#### **Encumbrances and Commitments**

The Town utilizes encumbrance accounting in its governmental funds. Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which a purchase order, contract, or other commitment is issued. Generally, all unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end, except those for capital projects. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until completion of applicable projects, even when projects extend more than one fiscal year. Open encumbrances at fiscal yearend are included in restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance, as appropriate.

#### Investments

No investments existed as of June 30, 2015. Certificates of Deposit with maturities of three months or greater are recorded on Exhibit 1 under the title Cash and cash equivalents and treated as cash equivalents.

#### Property, Plant, and Equipment

All property, plant, and equipment are valued at cost or estimated cost if actual cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenditures; renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Depreciation for fixed assets has been provided over the following estimated useful lives using the Straight-Line Method:

	All Funds
Water/Sewer System	25
Buildings	40
Improvements other than buildings	25
Infrastructure	30-50
Equipment	3-20

#### TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### June 30, 2015

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Water and Sewer Fund considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### Fund Equity

Beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the Town implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

• <u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Town has classified Prepaid Items as being Nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.

• <u>Restricted:</u> This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

•<u>Committed:</u> This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Town Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

•<u>Assigned</u>: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Town Council or through the Town Council delegating this responsibility to the Town manager through the budgetary process.

•<u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification amounts are available for any purpose. Positive Unassigned amounts are reported in the General Fund only. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

Beginning fund balances for the Town's governmental funds have been restated to reflect the above classifications.

The Town would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Restricted Assets

Included in restricted cash are amounts held in debt service reserve accounts in the amounts of \$167,491 for the Water Fund and \$409,031 for the Sewer Fund.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Town's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The Town reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on its statement of net position. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and is not recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until the applicable period. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until a future period.

Employer pension contributions made after the net pension liability measurement date of June 30, 2014 and prior to the reporting date of June 30, 2015, have been reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2015. Deferred outflows of resources of \$202,540, and \$107,670 have been reported in Governmental Activities, and Business-Type Activities Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2015, respectively.

Differences between the projected and actual pension earnings as of the actuarial measurement date of June 30, 2014 have been reported as a deferred inflow of resources. Deferred inflows of resources of 399,320, and \$196,680 have been reported in Governmental Activities, and Business-Type Activities Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2015, respectively.

# 2. ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS

The Town calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$242,716 at June 30, 2015, and is composed of the following:

General Fund:	
Allowance for uncollectible property taxes Allowance for uncollectible garbage fees	\$ 80,583 <u>11,418</u>
Total General Fund	<u>\$ 92,001</u>
Water and Sewer Fund:	
Allowance for uncollectible water and sewer fee billings	<u>\$150,715</u>
Total Water and Sewer Fund	<u>\$150,715</u>

# 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Deposits**

All cash of the Town and its component units is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 *et seq.* of the *Code of Virginia*, or covered by federal depository insurance.

#### **Investments**

#### Investment Policy:

In accordance with the Code of Virginia and other applicable laws, including regulations, the Town permits investments in U. S. Treasury Securities, U. S. Agency Securities, prime quality commercial paper, non-negotiable certificates of deposit and time deposits of Virginia banks, negotiable certificates of deposit of domestic banks, banker's acceptances with domestic banks, Commonwealth of Virginia and Virginia Local Government Obligations, repurchase agreements collateralized by the U. S. Treasury/Agency Securities, the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program or other authorized Arbitrage Investment Management programs, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Pool (the Virginia LGIP, a 2a-7 like pool).

#### Credit Risk:

As required by state statute, the Town requires that commercial paper have a short-term debt rating of no less than "A-1" (or equivalent) from a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk:

Deposits and investments held by any single issuer that exceeded 5% are as follows:

Powell Valley National Bank 93%

#### Custodial Credit Risk:

As required by the *Code of Virginia*, all security holdings with maturities over 30 days may not be held in safekeeping with the "counterparty" to the investment transaction. As of June 30, 2015, all of the Town's investments are held in a bank's trust department in the Town's name.

The above items are reflected in the financial statements as follows:

Deposits and investments:

Cash on hand Deposits Investments	\$500 1,906,777 <u>2,500,318</u> <u>\$4,407,595</u>
Statement of net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$2,528,683
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	<u>1,878,912</u> \$4,407,595

Restricted cash and cash equivalents consist primarily of certificates of deposit.

6.

# 4. **PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE**

Property is assessed at its value on January 1st. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Taxes are payable on December 5th. The Town of Big Stone Gap bills and collects its own property taxes.

# 5. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Commonwealth of Virginia: Local sales tax Fire program funds Communication tax Total Commonweal	lth of Virginia	\$ 54,868 2,611 31,299	\$ 88,778
Wise County:			
Coal severance taxes Court fines/transfer fees County fire funds Total Wise County		\$ 8,550 2,475 	12,402
Total Due From Oth	ner Governmental Units		<u>\$101,180</u>
			<u>\u01,100</u>
INTERFUND OBLIGATIONS			
General Fund:	Due From	<u>Due To</u>	
Water Fund	\$1,250,040	_	
Sewer Fund	293,851	-	
Special Revenue Fund	-	-	
Water Fund:			
General Fund	-	1,250,040	
Sewer Fund	-	1,581,435	
Sewer Fund:			
Water Fund	1,581,435	_	
General Fund	-	293,851	
Special Revenue Fund:			
General Fund	-	_	
Totals	\$3,125,326	\$3,125,326	

# 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 87,763
Public safety	79,774
Public works	35,932
Parks, recreation and cultural	43,760
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 247,229
Business-type activities:	
Water and sewer	\$ 1,213,199
Total depreciation expense business-type activity	\$ 1,213,199

# 8. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in depreciable capital assets:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, depreciable Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Equipment Total Capital Assets, depreciable	\$2,452,786 5,568,661 _2,905,774 10,927,221	\$ 293,951 167,107 <u>130,812</u> 591,870	\$	\$2,746,737 5,735,768 <u>3,036,586</u> <u>11,519,091</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Equipment Total accumulated depreciation Total Capital Assets, depreciable, net	\$1,560,654 3,781,040 <u>2,397,528</u> <u>7,739,222</u> <u>\$3,187,999</u>	\$ 73,881 65,353 <u>107,995</u> <u>247,229</u> <u>\$ 344,641</u>	\$   	\$1,634,535 3,846,393 <u>2,505,523</u> <u>7,986,451</u> <u>\$3,532,640</u>

Business Type Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, depreciable	¢ 227.615	¢	<b>ም</b> ( ) እ	¢ 227 615
Buildings	\$ 337,615	\$ -	\$ ( -)	\$ 337,615
Improvements	46,389,070	1,053,559	( 1,748)	47,440,881
Equipment	<u>1,302,802</u>	100,380	_()	1,403,182
Total Capital Assets, depreciable	48,029,487	_1,153,939	(	49,181,678
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	\$ 211,112	\$ 3,653	\$( -)	\$ 214,765
Improvements	18,010,460	1,160,534	( 1,748)	19,169,246
Equipment	1,088,186	49,011	_()	1,137,197
Total accumulated depreciation	19,309,758	1,213,198	( 1,748)	20,521,208
Total Capital Assets, depreciable, net	\$ <u>28,719,729</u>	\$(59,259)	\$()	<u>\$28,660,470</u>

The following is a summary of changes in non-depreciable capital assets:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Ending Balance			
Capital assets, non-depreciable Land Construction in progress Total Capital Assets, Non-depreciable	\$2,487,135 60,639 <u>\$2,547,774</u>	\$ - <u>76,884</u> <u>\$ 76,884</u>	\$( -) _(13,245) <u>\$(13,245)</u>	\$2,487,135 <u>124,278</u> <u>\$2,611,413</u>	
	Reginning			Fnding	

Business Type Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, non-depreciable Land Constructions in progress Total Capital Assets, Non-depreciable	\$ 880,000 <u>971,948</u> <u>\$1,851,948</u>	\$ - <u>148,314</u> <u>\$ 148,314</u>	\$	\$ 880,000 <u>148,314</u> <u>\$1,028,314</u>

# 9. LONG-TERM DEBT

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Years Ending	G	eneral Obliga	tion R	efunding		General Obl	igatio	n Bond	 Water Rev	/enue	Bond		General Obli	gation E	Bond
June 30,	I	rincipal	ļ	nterest	]	Principal Interest Principal			Interest	Principal		Interest			
2016	<b>\$</b>	153,107	\$	15,919	\$	39,096	\$	110,641	\$ 38,129	\$	-		29,906		-
2017		156,365		12,638		40,739		108,928	38,129		-		29,906		-
2018		159,623		9,289		42,452		107,144	38,129		-		29,906		-
2019		162,880		5,870		44,236		105,284	38,129		-		29,906		-
2020		166,952		2,374		46,096		106,144	38,129		-		29,906		-
2021-2025		28,504		302		261,229		454,274	190,645		-		149,530		-
2026-2030		-		-		320,953		448,894	190,645		-		149,530		-
2031-2035		-		-		394,331		378,478	190,645		-		149,530		-
2036-2040		-		-		484,485		291,962	19,067		-		119,620		-
2041-2045		-		-		595,251		185,663	-		-		-		-
2046-2050		-				470,845		2,071	 		-				-
Totals	\$	827,431	\$	46,392		2,739,713	\$	2,299,483	 781,647	\$	-		717,740	\$	-

Years Ending	_	Water Rev	enue	Bond	Water Revenue Bo		Bond	General Ob		bligation Bond		
June 30,		Principal		Interest	]	<u>Principal</u>		Interest	Ē	Principal	]	nterest
2016	\$	62,248	\$	151,832	\$	23,137	\$	57,143	\$	7,935	\$	10,743
2017		65,027		149,053		24,169		56,111		8,175		10,503
2018		67,930		146,150		25,248		55,032		8,422		10,256
2019		70,962		143,118		26,375		53,905		8,676		10,001
2020		74,129		139,946		27,552		250,778		8,938		45,910
2021-2025		423,336		614,381		157,347		226,715		48,911		38,288
2026-2030		526,641		515,490		195,743		168,296		56,764		29,444
2031-2035		655,155		443,242		243,510		111,413		65,876		19,178
2036-2040		815,028		290,198		302,932		27,936		76,452		7,264
2041-2045		738,123		63,725		290,580		-		60,323		-
2046-2050		-				-		-		-		-
Totals	\$	3,498,579	\$	2,657,135	\$	1,316,593		1,007,329	\$	350,472	\$	181,587

Years Ending	Water Rev	enue	Note	 To Water Fi	tal und D	ebt
June 30,	Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest
2016	\$ 26,140	\$	5,418	\$ 379,698	\$	351,696
2017	27,427		4,131	389,937		341,364
2018	28,777		2,780	400,517		330,651
2019	30,194		1,364	411,358		319,542
2020	11,743		134	403,445		545,256
2021-2025	-		-	1,259,502		1,333,960
2026-2030	-		-	1,440,276		1,162,124
2031-2035	-		-	1,699,047		952,311
2036-2040	-		-	1,817,584		617,360
2041-2045	-		-	1,684,277		249,388
2046-2050	 -			470,815		2,101
Totals	\$ 124,281	\$	13,827	\$ 10,356,456	\$	6,205,753

#### TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2015

# 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Years Ending	G	eneral Obliga	ation R	efunding	Wastewater Revenue			General Obligation Bond				
June 30,	F	rincipal	]	Interest	F	rincipal		Interest	<u> </u>	rincipal		Interest
2016	\$	34,893	\$	3,628	\$	39,342	\$	-	\$	20,362	\$	66,998
2017		35,635		2,880		39,342		-		21,456		65,904
2018		36,378		2,117		39,342		-		22,234		65,126
2019		37,120		1,338		39,342		-		23,229		64,131
2020		38,048		541		39,342		-		24,269		63,382
2021-2025		6,495		69		196,711		-		139,008		333,284
2026-2030		-		-		19,672		-		172,819		297,621
2031-2035		-		-		-		-		215,105		230,911
2036-2040		-		-		-		-		267,736		180,534
2041-2045		-		-		-		-		333,281		17,835
2046-2050		<u> </u>	·			<u> </u>				296,550		23,787
Totals	\$	188,569	\$	10,573	\$	413,093	\$	-	\$	1,536,049	\$	1,409,513

Years Ending	_ (	General Obliga	ation	Refunding		General Obli	igatio	n Bond		Tc Wastewate	otal r Fun	d Debt
June 30,	_	Principal		Interest	Ē	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2016	- \$	201,062	\$	-	\$	4,659	\$	-	\$	300,318	\$	70,626
2017		201,062		-		4,659		-		302,154		68,784
2018		201,062		-		4,659		-		303,675		67,243
2019		201,062		-		4,659		-		305,412		65,469
2020		201,062		-		4,659		-		307,380		63,923
2021-2025		1,005,310		-		23,295		-		1,370,819		333,353
2026-2030		1,005,304		-		23,295		-		1,221,090		297,621
2031-2035		-		-		4,654		-		219,759		230,911
2036-2040		-		-				-		267,736		180,534
2041-2045		-		-				-		333,281		17,835
2046-2050								<u> </u>	-	296,550	-	23,787
Totals	\$	3,015,924	\$	-	\$	74,539			\$	5,228,174	\$	1,420,086

# Changes in Long-Term Bonds/Loans:

The following is a summary of long-term bonds/loan transactions of the Town of Big Stone Gap for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	<b>INSTALLMENT</b>	GENERAL OBLI	GATION & REVENU	<u>JE BONDS</u>
	<u>NOTE</u>			
	<b>Governmental</b>	Water Bond	Wastewater Bond	
	<u>Notes</u>			
Bonds/loans payable at July 01, 2014	\$ 249,371	\$10,687,765	\$5,527,071	\$16,464,207
Issuances	123,500	39,038	-0-	162,538
Retirements	(65,404)	<u>(370,347</u> )	( 298,897)	<u>(734,512</u> )
Bonds/loans payable at June 30, 2015	<u>\$_307,467</u>	<u>\$10,356,456</u>	<u>\$5,228,174</u>	<u>\$15,892,233</u>

### TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2015

# 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

#### Changes in Other Long-Term Debt:

The following is a summary of other long-term debt transactions of the Town of Big Stone Gap for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Compensated	Absences
	Governmental	Propriety
	Fund Types	Fund Types
Payable at July 01, 2014	\$231,586	\$144,085
Additions	111,785	66,868
Reductions	( 88,720)	<u>( 67,246</u> )
Payable at June 30, 2015	<u>\$254,651</u>	<u>\$143,707</u>

#### Details of Long-Term Indebtedness

# **Governmental Fund:**

Governmental Fund:	
Bonds Payable:	
\$165,000 general obligation bond issued May 31, 2012, to Carl and Janet Gilliam	
with interest of 7.21%. Monthly installments of combined interest and principal	
payments of \$1,300 commencing July 1, 2012, and continuing monthly	
thereafter for a period of nineteen years and 9 months. Final payment of	
principal and interest is due on March 1, 2032.	\$ 151,863
Notes Payable:	
\$105,000 governmental fund note payable issued November 28, 2012, to Rural	
Development with interest of 3.5% for the acquisition of police vehicles. Monthly	
payments combined principal and interest of \$1,911 commencing December 28,	
2012, and continuing monthly thereafter for a period of five years.	47,756
\$48,500 governmental fund note payable issued July 7, 2014 to Rural Development	
with interest of 2.50% for the acquisition of police vehicles. Monthly	
payments combined principal and interest of \$2,166 commencing July 12,	
2014, and continuing monthly thereafter for a period of two years.	32,848
\$75,000 governmental fund note payable issued June 18, 2015, to Powell Valley	
National Bank with interest of 2.50% for the acquisition of a police vehicles.	
Annual payments of \$2,166 commencing July 18, 2015, and continuing annually	
thereafter for a period of three years.	75,000
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND LONG-TERM DEBT	\$ <u>307,467</u>

# 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued) Details of Long-Term Indebtedness Enterprise Fund:

sinter prise F und:		
General Obligation Bonds: \$1,556,000 general obligation refunding bond issued September 30, 2011, to Suntrust Bank, with interest at 2.12%, interest payable on each January 15 and July 15 commencing January 15, 2012. Commencing on July 15, 2012 and on each July 15 thereafter principal payments shall be made in installments. Final payment of principal and interest is due July 15, 2021.	<u>Water</u> \$ 827,431	<u>Wastewater</u> \$ 188,569
\$93,191 general obligation sewer bond issued December 22, 2011 to Virginia Water Facilites Revolving Fund, with interest at 0%. Principal payments of \$2,329 payable November 1, 2012 and semi-annually thereafter for a period of 20 years.	-0-	74,539
\$1,121,445 general obligation water bond issued September 19, 2008, to Virginia Water Facilities Revolving Fund with no interest. Principal payments of \$18,690.75 payable January 1, 2010, and semi-annually thereafter for a period of 30 years.		
\$2,900,000 general obligation and water revenue bond issued November 5, 2008, to Rural Development, with interest at 4.125%. Interest only payable on November 5, 2009, and thereafter payable in installments of combined interest and principal of \$12,615 beginning December 5, 2010, and continuing monthly thereafter for a period of 39 years until paid. Each payment is to be applied first to accrued interest and then to principal.	717,740 2,739,713	-0-
\$4,023,000 general obligation sewer bond issued December 17, 2008 to Virginia Water Facilities Revolving Fund with no interest. Principle payments of \$100,575 payable October 1, 2010, and semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 thereafter for a period of 20 years until paid.	-0-	3,015,924
\$363,937 general obligation and water revenue bond issued June 20, 2015, to VRA, with interest at 3.0%. Semi-annual payments of principal and interest on Jan. 1 and July 1 beginning Jan 1, 2015, and thereafter payable in installments of combined interest and principal of \$9,389. Final payment is due January 1, 2044. Total issuances on the bond as of June 30, 2015 were \$31,308.	350,472	-0-
\$1,614,000 general obligation and sewer revenue bond issued March 18, 2009, to Rural Development, with interest at 4.375%. Interest only payable on March 18, 2010, and 2011, and thereafter payable in installments on combined interest and principal of \$7,280 beginning April 18, 2011, and continuing monthly thereafter for a period of 40 years until paid. Each payment is to be applied first to accrued interest and then to principal.	-0-	1,536,048

# 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Details of Long-Term Indebtedness Enterprise Fund:	Water	Wastewater
Revenue Bonds: \$4,000,000 water revenue bonds issued May 27, 2004, to Rural Development, with interest at 4.375%. Interest is payable only on May 27, 2005, and thereafter payable in installments on combined interest and principal of \$17,840 beginning June 27, 2005, and continuing monthly thereafter for a period of 39 years until paid. Each payment is to be applied first to accrued interest and then to principal.		
\$1,148,460 water revenue bonds issued June 16, 2005 to Virginia Resource Authority, with interest at 0% payable in installments of \$19,141 beginning July 1, 2006, and continuing semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 thereafter for a period of 30 years until paid.		-0-
\$860,000 sewer revenue bond issued December 17, 2005 to Virginia Water Facilities Revolving Fund with no interest. Principle payments of \$21,500 payable March 1, 2006, and semi-annually on September 1 and March 1 thereafter for a period of 20 years until paid.	-0-	413,093
\$250,041 water revenue note issued November 4, 2009 to Powell Valley National Bank, with interest at 4.75%. Combined interest and principle payments of \$2,630 are due in monthly installments beginning December 4, 2009 and continuing for a period of 10 years until paid.	124,281	-0-
\$1,500,000 water revenue bonds issued June 23, 2004 to Rural Development with interest at 4.375%. Interest is payable only on June 23, 2005, and thereafter payable in installments on combined interest and principle of \$6,690 beginning July 23, 2005, and continuing monthly thereafter for a period of 40 years until paid. Each payment is to be applied first to accrued interest and then to principle.		
1 T	<u>1,316,593</u>	-0-
TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS LONG-TERM DEBT	<u>10,356,456</u>	<u>\$5,228,174</u>

#### TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### June 30, 2015

#### 10. FUND BALANCES—GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As of June 30, 2015, fund balances are composed of the following:

		Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
	General Fund	Funds	Funds
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid items	\$ 43,241	\$	\$ 43,241
Due from internal funds	1,543,891		1,581,391
Restricted:			
Law Enforcement	310,226		310,226
Glencoe Cemetery	88,674		88,674
Community Development	36,529		36,529
Committed:			
General Administrative	-		-
Law Enforcement	47,900		47,900
Public Works-Streets	22,100		22,100
Parks and Recreation	77,600		77,600
Assigned:			
Law Enforcement	13,019		13,019
Fire Department	74,059		74,059
Public Works	263,740	-	263,740
Cemetery	499	<u> </u>	499
Parks and Recreation	15,205		15,205
Unassigned	500,743		500,743
Total fund balances	\$ 3,037,426	\$	\$ 3,037,426

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless Town Council or the finance committee has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

11. CLAIMS, JUDGEMENTS, AND COMPENSATED ABSENCES

#### PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

In accordance with GASB Statement 16 "Accounting and Financial Reporting Principals for Claims and Judgments and Compensated Absences", the Town has accrued the liability arising from outstanding claims and judgments and compensated absences.

Town employees earn general leave according to the following schedule:

- (1) Permanent full-time employees with less than five years of service earn 1 1/2 work days per month.
- (2) Permanent full-time employees with five years, but less than ten years of service, earn two work days per month.
- (3) Permanent full-time employees with ten or more years of service earn 2 1/2 work days per month.
- (4) Part-time employees who work 1,000 hours in a given year will earn five days annual leave.

Accumulated general leave is paid upon termination according to the following schedule:

(1) A permanent employee who is separated from the Town service shall be given full pay for his/her accumulated annual leave up to a maximum ninety (90) work days. If an employee dies while in Town service, such terminal leave shall be paid to his/her estate. No terminal leave pay will be paid to persons that are terminated for disciplinary reasons. The accumulated leave maximum of ninety (90) work days reflects a policy change from the prior maximum of thirty (30) work days. At the time of the policy change implementing the maximum leave, the Town agreed to pay five (5) employees for all accumulated leave including any amounts above the ninety (90) day maximum. Presently the Town has one employee remaining of the original five that is an exception to the maximum policy limit.

The Town has outstanding accrued general leave pay totaling \$254,651 in the Governmental Activities, and \$143,707 in the Water and Wastewater Funds.

#### 12. PENSION PLAN-AGENT MULTIPLE EMPLOYER

#### **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Town are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria a defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

# TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2015

12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-En	nployer (Continuea) RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIO	NC
1	ETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIO	HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
About Plan 1	About Plan 2	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan
Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The	Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The	The Hybrid Retirement Plan
retirement benefit is based on a	retirement benefit is based on a	combines the features of a defined
member's age, creditable service and	member's age, creditable service and	benefit plan and a defined
average final compensation at	average final compensation at	contribution plan. Most members
retirement using a formula.	retirement using a formula.	hired on or after January 1, 2014 are
Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if	Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if	in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and
their membership date is before July	their membership date is on or after	Plan 2 members who were eligible
1, 2010, and they were vested as of	July 1, 2010, or their membership	and opted into the plan during a
January 1, 2013.	date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1,	special election window. (See "Eligible Members")
	2013.	• The defined benefit is based on a
		member's age, creditable service and
		average final compensation at
		retirement using a formula.
		• The benefit from the defined
		contribution component of the plan
		depends on the member and
		employer contributions made to the
		plan and the investment performance
		of those contributions.
		• In addition to the monthly benefit
		payment payable from the defined
		benefit plan at retirement, a member
		may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined
		contribution account, reflecting the
		contribution account, reflecting the
		losses, and any required fees.
Eligible Members	Eligible Members	Eligible Members
Employees are in Plan 1 if their	Employees are in Plan 2 if their	Employees are in the Hybrid
membership date is before July 1,	membership date is on or after July	Retirement Plan if their membership
2010, and they were vested as of	1, 2010, or their membership date is	date is on or after January 1, 2014.
January 1, 2013.	before July 1, 2010, and they were	This includes:
•	not vested as of January 1, 2013.	• Political subdivision employees*
		• Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who
Hybrid Opt-In Election	Hybrid Opt-In Election	elected to opt into the plan during
VRS non-hazardous duty covered	Eligible Plan 2 members were	the election window held January
Plan 1 members were allowed to	allowed to make an irrevocable	1-April 30, 2014; the plan's
make an irrevocable decision to opt	decision to opt into the Hybrid	effective date for opt-in members
into the Hybrid Retirement Plan	Retirement Plan during a special	was July 1, 2014
during a special election window	election window held January 1	*Non Elizible Marchan
held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	through April 30, 2014.	*Non-Eligible Members
The Hybrid Retirement Plan's	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's	Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement
effective date for eligible Plan 1	effective date for eligible Plan 2	Plan. They include:
members who opted in was July 1,	members who opted in was July 1,	Political subdivision employees
2014.	2014.	who are covered by enhanced
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	i milo are covered by clinaliced

# 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2015

12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)							
If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	benefits for hazardous duty employees Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must					
Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.					
<b>Retirement Contributions</b> Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax- deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.					
Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.					

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2015

12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-En		
		Defined Contributions
		Component:
		Under the defined contribution
		component, creditable service is
		used to determine vesting for the
		employer contribution portion of the
		plan.
Vesting	Vesting	Vesting
Vesting is the minimum length of	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component:
service a member needs to qualify		Defined benefit vesting is the
for a future retirement benefit.		minimum length of service a
Members become vested when they		member needs to qualify for a future
have at least five years (60 months)		retirement benefit. Members are
of creditable service. Vesting means		vested under the defined benefit
members are eligible to qualify for		component of the Hybrid Retirement
retirement if they meet the age and		Plan when they reach five years (60
service requirements for their plan.		months) of creditable service. Plan 1
Members also must be vested to		or Plan 2 members with at least five
receive a full refund of their member		years (60 months) of creditable
contribution account balance if they		service who opted into the Hybrid
leave employment and request a		Retirement Plan remain vested in the
refund.		defined benefit component.
Members are always 100% vested in		Defined Contributions
the contributions that they make.		<u>Component:</u>
,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,		Defined contribution vesting refers
		to the minimum length of service a
-		member needs to be eligible to
		withdraw the employer contributions
		from the defined contribution
		component of the plan.
		Marchana and always 1000/ sugar dia
		Members are always 100% vested in
		the contributions that they make.
		Upon retirement or leaving covered
		employment, a member is eligible to
		withdraw a percentage of employer
		contributions to the defined
		contribution component of the plan,
		based on service.
		• After two years, a member is
		50% vested and may withdraw
		50% of employer contributions.
		• After three years, a member is
		75% vested and may withdraw
		75% of employer contributions.
		• After four or more years, a
		member is 100% vested and may
		withdraw 100% of
		employer contributions.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2015

	Distribution is not required by law
	until age 70½.
Calculating the Benefit Calculating the Benefit	Calculating the Benefit
The Basic Benefit is calculated based See definition under Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component:
	See definition under Plan 1
on a formula using the member's	
average final compensation, a	Defined Contribution Component:
retirement multiplier and total	The benefit is based on contributions
service credit at retirement. It is one	made by the member and any
of the benefit payout options	matching contributions made by the
available to a member at retirement.	employer, plus net investment
	earnings on those contributions.
An early retirement reduction factor	
is applied to the Basic Benefit if the	
member retires with a reduced	
retirement benefit or selects a benefit	
payout option other than the Basic	
Benefit.	
Average Final Compensation Average Final Compensati	on Average Final Compensation
A member's average final A member's average final	Same as Plan 2. It is used in the
compensation is the average of the compensation is the average	of their retirement formula for the defined
36 consecutive months of highest 60 consecutive months of high	
compensation as a covered compensation as a covered	
employee. employee.	
Service Retirement Multiplier Service Retirement Multip	lier Service Retirement Multiplier
VRS: The retirement multiplier is a VRS: Same as Plan1 for service	
factor used in the formula to earned, purchased or granted	
determine a final retirement benefit. January 1, 2013. For non-haz	
The retirement multiplier for non- duty members the retirement	
hazardous duty members is 1.70%. multiplier is 1.65% for credi	
service earned, purchased or	
	Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1
on or after January 1, 2013.	
	or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers
	for those plans will be used to
	calculate the retirement benefit for
	service credited in those plans.
Showiffs and regional isil	Showiffs and varianal ioil
Sheriffs and regional jail Superinter dente: The retirement	Sheriffs and regional jail
superintendents: The retirement superintendents: Same as P	Plan 1. superintendents: Not applicable.
multiplier for sheriffs and regional	
jail superintendents is 1.85%	
Political subdivision hazar	
Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as P	
duty employees: The retirement	duty employees: Not applicable.
multiplier of eligible political	
subdivision hazardous duty	
employees other than sheriffs and	
regional jail superintendents is 1.70%	<b>Defined Contribution Component:</b>
or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Not applicable.
Normal Retirement Age Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age
VRS: Age 65. VRS: Normal Social Securit	ty <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Same as Plan 2.
retirement age.	LVDS: Some co Dion 7

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## June 30, 2015

#### 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued) Political subdivisions hazardous duty Political subdivisions hazardous duty Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1. employees: Not applicable. employees: Age 60. **Defined Contribution Component:** Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions. **Earliest Unreduced Retirement Earliest Unreduced Retirement** Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Eligibility Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years VRS: Normal Social Security **Defined Benefit Component:** (60 months) of creditable service or retirement age with at least five years VRS: Normal Social Security at age 50 with at least 30 years of (60 months) of creditable service or retirement age and have at least five creditable service. when their age and service equal 90. years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous Political subdivisions hazardous Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at duty employees: Same as Plan 1. duty employees: Not applicable. least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of **Defined Contribution Component:** creditable service. Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions. Earliest Reduced Retirement **Earliest Reduced Retirement Earliest Reduced Retirement** Eligibility Eligibility Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years VRS: Age 60 with at least five years **Defined Benefit Component:** (60 months) of creditable service or (60 months) of creditable service. VRS: Age Members may retire with age 50 with at least 10 years of a reduced benefit as early as age 60 creditable service. with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous Political subdivisions hazardous Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five duty employees: Same as Plan 1. duty employees: Not applicable. years of creditable service. **Defined Contribution Component:** Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions. **Cost-of-Living Adjustment Cost-of-Living Adjustment Cost-of-Living Adjustment** (COLA) in Retirement (COLA) in Retirement (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment The Cost-of-Living Adjustment **Defined Benefit Component:** (COLA) matches the first 2% (COLA) matches the first 3% Same as Plan 2. increase in the Consumer Price Index increase in the CPI-U and half of any for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) additional increase (up to 2%), for a **Defined Contribution Component:** and half of any additional increase maximum COLA of 3%. Not applicable. (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. **Eligibility: Eligibility: Eligibility:** For members who retire with an Same as Plan 1 Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2. unreduced benefit or with a reduced

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2015

12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-En	ipioyer (Commueu)	
benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go		
into effect on July 1 after one full		
calendar year from the retirement		
date.		
For members who retire with a		
reduced benefit and who have less		
than 20 years of creditable service,		
the COLA will go into effect on July		
1 after one calendar year following		
the unreduced retirement eligibility		
date.		
Exceptions to COLA Effective	Exceptions to COLA Effective	Exceptions to COLA Effective
Dates:	Dates:	Dates:
The COLA is effective July 1	Same as Plan 1	Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
following one full calendar year		Same as Fian F and Fian 2.
(January 1 to December 31) under		
any of the following circumstances:		
• The member is within five years of		
qualifying for an unreduced		
retirement benefit as of January 1,		
2013.		
• The member retires on disability.		
• The member retires directly from		
short-term or long-term disability		
under the Virginia Sickness and		
Disability Program (VSDP).		
• The member is involuntarily		
separated from employment for		
causes other than job performance		
or misconduct and is eligible to		
retire under the Workforce		
Transition Act or the Transitional		
Benefits Program. • The member dies in service and the		
member's survivor or beneficiary		
is eligible for a monthly death-in-		
service benefit. The COLA will go		
into effect on July 1 following one		
full calendar year (January 1 to		
December 31) from the date the		
monthly benefit begins.		
Disability Coverage	Disability Coverage	Disability Coverage
Members who are eligible to be	Members who are eligible to be	Employees of political subdivisions
considered for disability retirement	considered for disability retirement	(including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins)
and retire on disability, the	and retire on disability, the	participate in the Virginia Local
retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all	retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all	Disability Program (VLDP) unless
service, regardless of when it was	service, regardless of when it was	their local governing body provides
earned, purchased or granted.	earned, purchased or granted.	an employer-paid comparable

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2015

# 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

		T
		program for its members.
VSDP members are subject to a one- year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	VSDP members are subject to a one- year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	<ul> <li>Purchase of Prior Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: <ul> <li>Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.</li> <li>The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation.</li> <li>Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost.</li> </ul> <b>Defined Contribution Component:</b> Not applicable.</li></ul>

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## June 30, 2015

## 12. PENSION PLAN-AGENT MULTIPLE EMPLOYER (Continued)

## **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	51
Inactive members:	
Vested inactive members	5
Non-vested Inactive members	12
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	28
Total inactive members	45
Active members	53
Total covered employees	149

## **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 13.67% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$ 310,210 and \$ 259,244 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

## Net Pension Liability

The Town's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

## June 30, 2015

# 12. PENSION PLAN-AGENT MULTIPLE EMPLOYER (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Town's retirement plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5 percent – 5.35 percent
Investment rate of return	7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

\* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

#### Largest 10 – Non-LEOS:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females were set back 2 years.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

## All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

## Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females were set back 2 years.

## Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

## Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

## 12. PENSION PLAN-AGENT MULTIPLE EMPLOYER (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 – Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- -Decrease in rates of service retirement
- -Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- -Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- -Decrease in rates of service retirement
- -Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- -Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

## Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the Town's retirement plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5 percent – 4.75 percent
Investment rate of return	7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

\* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

#### 12. PENSION PLAN-AGENT MULTIPLE EMPLOYER (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – LEOS:

- Pre-Retirement:
  - RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years.

### **Post-Retirement:**

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 – LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- -Decrease in male and female rates of disability

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension system investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension system investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

## June 30, 2015

## 12. PENSION PLAN-AGENT MULTIPLE EMPLOYER (Continued)

Target Asset Class (Strategy) Allocation		Arithmetic Long- Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
	100.00%		5.83%
	Inflation		2.50%
* Expected arith	metic nominal return		8.33%

\* Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons, the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

## Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that system member contributions will be made per the VRS statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the Town's retirement plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## June 30, 2015

## 12. PENSION PLAN-AGENT MULTIPLE EMPLOYER (Continued)

## **Changes in Net Pension Liability**

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)		al Plan ion Fiduciary lity Net Position		Net Pensio Liability (a (b)	
Balance at June 30, 2013	\$	11,218,710	\$	8,566,778	\$	2,651,932
Changes for the year:						
Service Cost		216,422		-		216,422
Interest		763,442		-		763,442
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		259,446		(259,446)
Contributions - employee		-		96,016		(96,016)
Net investment income		-		1,335,250		(1,335,250)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(624,795)		(624,795)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(7,355)		7,355
Other changes		-		71		(71)
Net changes		355,069		1,058,633		(703,564)
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$	11,573,779	\$	9,625,411	\$	1,948,368

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	 (6.00%)		Rate (7.00%)		(8.00%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,366,619	\$	1,948,368	\$	761,171	

## June 30, 2015

## 12. PENSION PLAN-AGENT MULTIPLE EMPLOYER (Continued)

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town recognized pension expense of \$152,088. At June 30, 2015, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	-
Change in assumptions	 		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		596,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	310,210		-
Total	\$ 310,210	\$	596,000

\$310,210 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

## Year ended June 30

(149,052)
(149,052)
(149,052)
(149,052)

# Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2015, the Town reported a payable of \$32,313 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2015.

### 13. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued its Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postretirement Benefit Plans Other Than Pensions. The Statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of other post-employment benefits (OPEB) expense and related liabilities in the financial statements. The cost of post-employment healthcare benefits should be associated with the period in which the cost occurs, rather than in the future years when it will be paid. The Town of Big Stone Gap adopted the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 during the year ended June 30, 2010. recognition of the liability accumulated from prior years will be phased in over 30 years commencing with the 2010 liability.

The Town meets the requirements to use the alternative measurement method and elects to use the alternative measurement method.

#### Annual Other Post-Employment Benefit Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the Town's annual OPEB costs of \$68,664 for governmental activities and \$30,562 for business-type activities, respectively, were equal to the Annual Required Contribution (ARC).

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Annual required contribution	\$ 68,664	\$ 30,562	\$ 99,226
Interest on net OPEB obligation	7,797	3,471	11,268
Adjustment to annual required contribution	( 8,096)	(	<u>( 11,611)</u>
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made (Age Adjusted)	\$ 68,365 ( 36,785)	\$ 30,518 ( <u>16,778</u> )	\$ 98,883 ( 53,563)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	31,580	13,740	45,320
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	<u>\$ 155,848</u>	69,518	<u>\$225,366</u>
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	<u>\$ 187,428</u>	<u>\$ 83,258</u>	<u>\$270,686</u>

The Town's annual OPEB cost for governmental activities, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation are as follows. The Town's first year of implementing GASB No. 45 was June 30, 2010.

		Percentage of Annual OPEB						
Fiscal Year Ending	Anı	ual OPEB	Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation				
June 30, 2015	\$	68,365	54.3%	\$	187,428			
June 30, 2014	\$	66,703	74.4%	\$	155,848			
June 30, 2013	\$	66,726	45.2%	\$	138,417			

## June 30, 2015

# 13. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The Town's annual OPEB cost for business-type activities, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation are as follows. The Town's first year of implementing GASB No. 45 was June 30, 2010.

Fiscal Year Ending	An	nual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation		
June 30, 2015	\$	30,518	54.3%	\$	83,258	
June 30, 2014	\$	30,450	74.4%	\$	69,518	
June 30, 2013	\$	30,461	45.2%	\$	62,122	

## Funding Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

	Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued			UAAL as a Percentage of
	Value of	Liability	Liability	Funded	Covered	Covered
Activity Type	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Governmental	\$ -0-	\$ 834,106	\$ 834,106	0.00%	\$1,336,964	62.3%
Business-type	\$-0-	\$ 357,474	\$ 357,474	0.00%	\$ 595,065	60.0%

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of Funding Progress for the Town of Big Stone Gap, Virginia

## 13. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the type of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine liabilities under the alternative measurement method. Under this method, future benefits are projected and the present value of such benefits is allocated from date of hire to date of eligibility. Active employees are assumed to retire at age 61 which is the historical average age of retirement for employees of the Town. Active employees age 61 or older who have qualified postemployment benefits under the plan are assumed to retire in the first projected year. A healthcare plan that includes both retirees and active employees contains a blended rate. The rate used in the calculation is the age-adjusted premium less the contribution from the retiree or blended premium. The actuarial assumptions for the Town included: inflation at 2.0 and an investment rate of return of 5.0%. The expected rate of increase in healthcare insurance premiums is based on the Getzen model promulgated by Society of Actuaries. Using the level percent of payroll method, the payroll growth rate has been set to the inflation rate. Life expectancies at the calculation date are based on the most recent mortality tables published by the National Center for Health Statistics. The RP2000 Mortality Tables for Males and Females Project 10 years were used. Life expectancies that include partial years were rounded to the nearest whole year. The calculation of postemployment health insurance coverage for each year is based on the assumption that all participants will live until their expected age as displayed in the mortality tables. The probability that an employee will remain employed until the assumed retirement age was determined using non-group specific age-based turnover data provided in Table 1 in paragraph 35b of GASB Statement 45. The unfunded accrued liability is being amortized over 30 years. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2015 is 25 years.

#### **Plan Description**

The Town provides post-employment medical coverage for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The Town may change, add or delete coverage as they deem appropriate and with the approval of the Town Council. The plan does not grant retirees vested health benefits.

A retiree, eligible for post-retirement medical coverage, is defined as a full-time employee who retires directly from the Town and is eligible to receive an early or regular retirement benefit from the VRS. Employees applying for early or regular retirement are eligible to continue participation in the Retiree Health Plans sponsored by the Town. The Town pays 100% of the premium based on the following parameters:

- 1) Employees with 15 to 19 years of continuous service at retirement receive medical and dental insurance coverage for a maximum of two years.
- 2) Employees with 20 or more years of continuous service at retirement receive medical and dental insurance coverage for a maximum of five years.
- 3) There is no coverage for dependents.

#### **Funding Policy**

The Town currently funds post-employment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. During fiscal year 2015, the Town had not designated any funding for the OPEB liability.

## 14. **DEFERRED REVENUE**

Deferred revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Deferred revenue totaling \$136,043 is comprised of the following:

#### Deferred Property Tax Revenue:

Deferred revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$136,043 at June 30, 2015.

## 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Litigation

In regard to litigation involving the Town of Big Stone Gap, Virginia, we are not aware of any material contingent liabilities that could affect the financial statements.

#### 16. SURETY BONDS

The Town of Big Stone Gap has a blanket bond with USF&G covering all town employees at \$10,000 per employee. The Town has an additional \$1,000,000 policy with Tubor Insurance Company covering the Town's public officials.

## 17. ENCUMBRANCES OUTSTANDING

Outstanding encumbrances of the proprietary fund types are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements as a reservation of retained earnings, in keeping with the fund type's measurement focus. However, Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration for the General Fund. At June 30, 2015, certain amounts which were restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes have been encumbered in the governmental funds. Encumbrances included in governmental fund balances are as follows (in thousands):

	Encumbrances Included in:						
	Restricted Fund Balance		Committed Fund Balance		Assigned Fund Balance		
General Fund for Capital Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 293,785		
General Fund for Other Purposes	·	-	<u></u>		51,642		
Total Encumbrances	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$ 345,427</u>		

## 18. COMPLIANCE WITH BOND AGREEMENTS

According to three separate water bond agreements between the Town of Big Stone Gap and Rural Development, the Town Treasurer is required to transfer amounts each month from the Revenue Fund to the Debt Reserve until there has been maintained specified amounts per the bond document for a fully funded annual reserve on each bond. Once the specified annual reserve has been accumulated no further deposits shall be required except to eliminate any deficiency in the Debt Reserve. As of June 30, 2015 the Town's required accumulated Debt Reserve for the three applicable water bonds was \$442,564; however, the Town's Debt Reserve balance was \$167,491. The Town was therefore not in compliance with its Debt Reserve requirements in the Water Fund as of June 30, 2015.

#### 19. DEFICIT UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

The Water Fund has a deficit unrestricted net position of \$2,482,712 at June 30, 2015. However, when considering the net investment in capital assets, while excluding restricted debt service amounts, the Water Fund has a positive overall net position of \$5,599,835.

## 20. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements have been implemented in the current financial statements:

In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local government employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pension by State and Local Government Employers, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, Pension disclosures. GASB No. 68 requires employers to recognize a net pension liability (Asset) on the statement of net position for the net funded status of pension plans as employees earn their pension benefits and recognize annual pension cost under an "earning" approach rather than a "funding" approach. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No.69 "Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations": The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2013.

In November 2013, GASB issued Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment to GASB No. 68.* The objective of this Statement is to resolve an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68. The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or non-employer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. It also eliminates a potential source of understatement of restated beginning net position and expense in a government's first year of implementing GASB 68. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

## 21. **RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

The Town implemented the financial reporting provisions of the Statements described in Note 20 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. These Statements establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expense/expenditures relating to pensions. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions are also addressed. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by improving accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. The implementation of these Statements resulted in the following restatement of net position:

	General Government	Sewer		
Net Position as reported at June 30, 2014	\$ 8,042,676	\$ 6,130,176	\$ 8,880,180	
Implementation of GASB 68	(1,602,640)	 (536,764)	(252,596)	
Net Position as restated at June 30, 2014	\$ 6,440,036	 5,593,412	\$ 8,627,584	

### 22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 30, 2015, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

## 23. FUTURE ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The objective of this Statement is to address accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of *fair value* is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosure related to all fair value measurements. The Town has not completed the evaluation of the impact that the implementation of this Statement will have on the financial statements. The Town will adopt this Statement for fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are not within the scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and amendments to certain provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. The City has not completed the evaluation of the impact that the implementation of this Statement will have on the financial statements. The Town will adopt this Statement for fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans other than Pension Plans.* The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. The Town has not completed the evaluation of the impact that the implementation of this Statement will have on the financial statements. The Town will adopt this Statement for fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pension. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. The Town has not completed the evaluation of the impact that the implementation of this Statement will have on the financial statements. The Town will adopt this Statement for fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments.* The objective of this Statement is to identify, in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment, the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The Town has not completed the evaluation of the impact that the implementation of this Statement will have on the financial statements. The Town will adopt this Statement for fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

## TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Original <u>Budget</u>	Budget as Amended		Actual	F	Variance avorable Ifavorable)
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							
GENERAL FUND:							
Revenue from Local Sources:							
General Property Taxes:							
Real property taxes	\$	770,000	\$ 770,000	\$	757,725	\$	(12,275)
Real and personal public service corporation							
property taxes		45,000	45,000		38,598		(6,402)
Personal property taxes		164,000	164,000		163,146		(854)
Machinery and tools taxes		300	300		443		143
Penalties and interest		27,300	 27,300		31,294		3,994
Total General Property Taxes		1,006,600	 1,006,600		991,206		(15,394)
Other Local Taxes:							
Local sales and use taxes		220,000	220,000		216,601		(3,399)
Cigarette taxes		32,000	32,000		28,550		(3,450)
Utility taxes		115,000	115,000		117,459		2,459
Business licenses taxes		271,100	271,100		235,597		(35,503)
Communication taxes		200,000	200,000		190,672		(9,328)
Motor vehicle licenses		60,000	60,000		44,237		(15,763)
Bank stock taxes		100,000	100,000		105,229		5,229
Hotel and motel room taxes		12,000	12,000		9,185		(2,815)
Restaurant food taxes		540,000	540,000		550,805		10,805
Coal road improvement taxes		80,000	80,000		33,727		(46,273)
Total Other Local Taxes		1,630,100	 1,630,100		1,532,062		(98,038)
Permits, Privilege Fees, And Regulatory Licenses		4,300	 4,300		3,814		(486)
Fines and Forfeitures	<u> </u>	25,150	 25,150		30,032		4,882
Revenue From Use Of Money and Property:							
Revenue from use of money		2,300	2,300		1,676		(624)
Revenue from use of property		22,700	2,500		1,070		(624) (8,430)
Total Revenue From Use of Money and		22,700	 22,700		14,270		(8,430)
Property		25,000	 25,000		15,946		(9,054)
Charges For Services:							
Fire services		13,000	13,000		5,428		(7 570)
Security		1,000	1,000		2,230		(7,572) 1,230
Charges for sanitation and waste removal		295,000	295,000		2,230		(6,152)
Charges for parks and recreation		34,300	34,300		38,901		4,601
Cemetery plots and materials		40,000	40,000		30,670		(9,330)
Police Restitution		66,727	133,463		60,000		(73,463)
Charges for maintenance of highways,			155,105		00,000		(75,405)
bridges, and streets Total Charges For Services		450,027	 516,763	·	426,077	<del></del>	- (90,686)
-							(90,080)
Miscellaneous Revenue		33,000	 233,000		246,530		13,530
Recovered Costs	<del></del>	121,000	 121,000	<u></u>	146,301	<del></del>	25,301
Total Revenue From Local Sources	\$	3,295,177	 3,561,913		3,391,968	\$	(169,945)

The accompanying notes are and integral part of the financial statements.

## TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget	Budget as <u>Amended</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
Revenue From The Commonwealth:				
Non-Categorical Aid:	<b>^</b>	<b>^</b>	<b>•</b>	<b></b>
ABC profits	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Wine taxes	- 1,000	-	- 3,773	- 2 772
Motor vehicle carriers' taxes	1,000	1,000 1,000	4,529	2,773 3,529
Mobile home titling taxes Rolling stock taxes	10,000	10,000	4,529 9,486	(514)
Coal haul road revenue	50,000	50,000	16,415	(33,585)
Assistance to localities with police departments	138,000	138,000	138,888	888
Total Non-Categorical Aid	200,000	200,000	173,091	(26,909)
Total Non-Calegorical Alu	200,000	200,000		(20,909)
Other Categorical Aid:				
Street and highway maintenance	813,400	813,400	860,305	46,905
Litter control	3,200	3,200	2,851	(349)
Financial assistance to the arts	5,000	5,000	5,000	-
Fire programs fund	16,000	16,000	18,785	2,785
VDOT(GREENBELT)	217,500	217,500	21,007	(196,493)
VDOT(SIGNAL PROJECTS)	370,000	370,000	41,454	(328,546)
Total Other Categorical Aid	1,425,100	1,425,100	949,402	(475,698)
Total Revenue From The Commonwealth	1,625,100	1,625,100	1,122,493	(502,607)
Revenue From The Federal Government: Payment In Lieu of Taxes:				
Payment in lieu of property taxes	49,500	49,500	42,099	(7,401)
Total Payment in Lieu of Taxes	49,500	49,500	42,099	(7,401)
Categorical Aid:				
Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant	-	2,548	2,548	-
HIDTA Grant	116,250	150,115	120,375	(29,740)
Community Developmnet Block Grant	-	-	7,250	7,250
Rural Development Grant	-	-	23,887	23,887
Big Stone Gap DUI Grant		18,438	14,582	(3,856)
Total Categorical Aid	116,250	171,101	168,642	(2,459)
Total Revenue From The Federal Government	165,750	220,601	210,741	(9,860)
Prior Years Surplus	-	49,260	-	49,260
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	5,086,027	5,456,874	4,725,202	(633,152)
Community Development Fund: Revenue From Local Sources:				
Revenue from use of money	-	-	7	7
Total Revenue From Local Sources			7	7
Total Community Development Fund			7	7_
Charges for services:				
Collection fees	-	-	20	20
Total Charges for Services			20	20
TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		-	27	27
GRAND TOTALS - REVENUES - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT FUNDS	\$ 5,086,027	\$ 5,456,874	\$ 4,725,229	(633,125)

## TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUND EXPENDITURES BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Budget as <u>Amended</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				
GENERAL FUND:				
General Government Administration:				
Legislative:				
Town Council	\$ 43,600	\$ 43,600	\$ 41,487	\$ 2,113
Mayor	4,600	4,600	3,685	915
Total Legislative	48,200	48,200	45,172	3,028
General and Financial Administration:				
Town Manager	188,625	198,625	133,765	64,860
Legal and consulting	42,500	42,500	45,022	(2,522)
Independent auditor	18,000	18,000	16,920	1,080
Treasurer/Clerk	198,000	198,000	193,894	4,106
Accounting	68,400	68,400	63,919	4,481
Risk management	128,625	128,625	121,551	7,074
Automotive/motor pool	138,500	138,500	131,418	7,082
Central purchasing	84,300	84,300	83,482	818
Data processing	66,300	66,300	63,764	2,536
Total General and Financial Administration	933,250	943,250	853,735	89,515
Total General Government Administration	981,450	991,450	898,907	92,543
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement and Traffic Control:				
Police department	1,137,500	1,174,315	1,208,599	(34,284)
Drug task force	182,978	283,580	173,041	110,539
Total Law Enforcement and Traffic		205,580	175,041	
Control	1,320,478	1,457,895	1,381,640	76,255
Fire and Rescue Services:				
Volunteer fire department	134,300	134,300	113,922	20,378
Ambulance and rescue services	5,000	5,000	10,000	(5,000)
Total Fire and Rescue Services	139,300	139,300	123,922	15,378
Inspections: Building	17,355	17,355	16,742	613
Plumbing	17,555	17,555	10,742	015
Total Inspections	17,355	17,355	16,742	613
Total Public Safety	1,477,133	1,614,550	1,522,304	92,246
Public Works:				
Maintenance of Highways, Streets, Bridges and Sidewalks:				
Highways, streets, bridges, and sidewalks	969,300	997,300	522,693	474,607
Storm drainage	15,000	15,000	26,831	(11,831)
Street lights	79,500	79,500	90,046	(10,546)
Snow and ice removal	34,000	29,000	19,036	9,964
Curbs and guttering	25,000	11,000	8,500	2,500
Total Maintenance of Highways, Streets,				
Bridges, and Sidewalks	1,122,800	1,131,800	667,106	464,694

## TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUND EXPENDITURES BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended June 30, 2015

	<u>Budget</u>	Budget as <u>Amended</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
Sanitation and Waste Removal:				
Refuse collection	\$ 229,450	\$ 229,450	\$ 248,269	\$ (18,819)
Litter control	-	•	-	• (10,015)
Total Sanitation and Waste Removal	229,450	229,450	248,269	(18,819)
Maintenance of General Buildings and Grounds:				
General properties	151,500	151,580	114,995	36,585
Total Public Works	1,503,750	1,512,830	1,030,370	482,460
Health and Welfare:				
Area agency on aging	_			
Property tax relief for elderly	-	-	25,299	(25,299)
Total Welfare/Social Services			25,299	(25,299)
Total Health and Welfare	-	- 	25,299	(25,299)
Parks, Recreation and Cultural:				
Administration	727,294	929,644	650,739	278,905
Green Belt Trail	272,000	257,000	24,533	232,467
Maintenance	13,500	28,500	49,560	(21,060)
Swimming pool	51,900	51,900	33,486	18,414
Cemeteries	84,900	84,900	101,083	(16,183)
Team activities	-	-	-	-
Farmers Market	-	-	-	-
Big Cherry Lake	-	-	-	-
Total Parks and Recreation	1,149,594	1,351,944	859,401	492,543
Cultural Enrichment:				
Pro-Art	4,000	4,000	4,000	_
Lonesome Pine Arts and Crafts	4,000	4,000	4,000	-
Contribution to Gap Corporation	10,000	10,000	2,500	7,500
Crooked Road	-	-	-,	-
Miscellaneous	21,000	21,000	19,500	1,500
Total Cultural Enrichment	39,000	39,000	30,000	9,000
Library:				
Payments to regional library	2,500	2,500	500	2,000
Total Parks, Recreation and Cultural	1,191,094			
		1,393,444	889,901	503,543
Community Development:				
Planning	-	-	13,550	(13,550)
Community development	-	12,000	176,787	(164,787)
Total Planning and Community Development		12,000	190,337	(178,337)
Total Community Development	-	12,000	190,337	(178,337)
				(1.0,007)

GOVERNMENTAL FUND EXPENDITURES BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended June 30, 2015 SCHEDULE 2 Page 3

	<u>Budget</u>	Budget as <u>Amended</u>	Actual	Variance Favorable <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
Non-Departmental:				
Contingency	\$-	\$-	<b>\$</b> -	\$-
Christmas decorations	-	-	-	φ - -
Total Non-Departmental		-		
Debt Service:				
Principal retirement	\$ 82,600	\$ 82,600	\$ 65,404	\$ 17,196
Interest	-	• • • • • • •	15,573	(15,573)
Total Non-Departmental	82,600	82,600	80,977	1,623
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	5,236,027	5,606,874	4,638,095	968,779
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS:				
Community development				
Transfers (in)out		-	80,574	-
Total Community Development			80,574	<u>80,574</u> 80,574
TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	-	-	80,574	80,574
<b>GRAND TOTAL - EXPENDITURES - PRIMARY</b>				
GOVERNMENT FUNDS	\$ 5,236,027	\$ 5,606,874	\$ 4,718,669	\$ 1,049,353
<b>OTHER FINANCING RESOURCES (USES):</b>				
Sale of property	_			
Insurance recoveries	-	-	- 2,779	- 2,779
Loan proceeds	-	-	123,500	123,500
Transfers in (out)	150,000	150,000	80,574	69,426
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	150,000	150,000	206,853	195,705
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balances	\$-	\$-	\$ 213,413	\$ 213,413
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		÷	φ 213,413	φ 213,413 

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# TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF TREASURER'S ACCOUNTABILITY June 30, 2015

# ASSETS HELD BY THE TREASURER:

Cash on hand			500
Cash in banks: Checking: Wells Fargo Powell Valley National Bank Total Checking	740 1,414,245		1,414,985
Savings: Branch Bank and Trust Powell Valley National Bank Total savings	125,179 366,613		491,792
<b>Certificates of Deposit:</b> Powell Valley National Bank New Peoples Banks Total Certificates of Deposit	2,327,864 172,454		2,500,318
TOTAL CASH IN BANKS			4,407,095
TOTAL CASH LIABILITIES OF THE TREASURER: BALANCE OF TOWN FUNDS		\$\$	4,407,595

## TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS GOVERNMENTAL AND BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2015

	·	2014
Total pension liability		
Service cost	¢	216 422
Interest	\$	216,422
Changes of benefit terms		763,442
Differences between expected and actual experience		-
Changes in assumptions		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		-
Net change in total pension liability		(624,795)
Total pension liability - beginning		355,069
Total pension hability - ending	\$	11,218,710
Your pension nability - enumg	<u> </u>	11,573,779
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	250 446
Contributions - employee	Ф	259,446
Net investment income		96,016 1,335,250
Benefit paymenets, including refunds of employee contributions		
Administrative expense		(624,795) (7,355)
Other		,
Net change in total pension liability	<u> </u>	1 059 622
Total pension liability - beginning		1,058,633
Total pension liability - ending	\$	8,566,778 9,625,411
rom pendion musiney enumg		9,023,411
Political subdivision's net pension liability - ending	\$	1,948,368
Plan fiduciary net postion as a percentage of the total		
pension liability		83.17%
Covered - employee payroll	\$	1,932,503
Political subdivision's net pension liability as a percentage of		
covered-employee payroll		100.82%

1) Fiscal year 2015 was fthe first year of GASB 68 implementation; therefore only one year is showen herein.

# TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS GOVERNMENTAL AND BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2015

			Co	ntributions				Contributions
			R	elation to			Employer's	as a % of
	Co	ntractually	Co	ntractually	Con	tribution	Covered	Covered
	F	Lequired	F	Required	Def	ficiency	Employee	Employee
 Date	Co	ntribution	Со	ntribution	(E	xcess)	Payroll	Payroll
2015	\$	310,210	\$	310,210	\$	-	\$ 1,932,503	16.05%

1) Fiscal year 2015 was fine first year of GASB 68 implementation; therefore only one year is showen herein. Additonal years will be included as they become available

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# TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP Notes to Required Supplemental Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Change of benefit terms - There have been no significiant changes to the Systems benefits provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. A hybrid plan with changes to the defined benefit plan structure and a new defined contribution component were adopted in 2012. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. The liabilities presented do not reflect the hybrid plan since it covers new members joining the System after the valuation date of June 30, 2013 and the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2014 are minimal.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increases by .25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increases by .25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS

- Update mortality table
- Adjustment to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

# **STATISTICAL SECTION**

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report, but is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the comprehensive annual financial report. The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context, and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements, and required supplementary information to understand and assess a government's economic condition.

CONTENTS	PAGE
FINANCIAL TRENDS These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial	66
performance and well-being have changed over time.	
REVENUE CAPACITY	70
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
DEBT CAPACITY	74
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION	77
These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the Environment within which the town's financial activities take place.	
OPERATING INFORMATION	79
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs.	.,

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

#### TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 3,840,489 	\$ 3,870,572 - 419,933	\$ 4,322,378 - 641,213	\$ 4,210,611 - 1,180,943	\$ 4,179,588 - 1,726,246	\$ 4,314,741 200,446 1,941,252	\$ 4,723,153 454,022 1,695,739	\$ 4,918,489 420,705 1,901,976	\$      5,486,403    \$ 498,697 2,057,576	5,836,586 433,933 796,031
Total governmental activities net position	4,131,225	4,290,505	4,963,591	5,391,554	5,905,834	6,456,439	6,872,914	7,241,170	8,042,676	7,066,550
<b>Business-type activities</b> Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	7,019,173	7,928,103 - 885,858	8,569,892 - 893,538	9,003,225 - 1,491,719	10,708,386 - 1,601,325	12,017,827 - 1,857,691	12,940,723	13,790,758 519,418 266,697	14,356,841 566,989 86,526	14,104,154 576,522 (512,924)
Total business-type activities	8,311,806	8,813,961	9,463,430	10,494,944	12,309,711	13,875,518	14,674,523	14,576,873	15,010,356	14,167,752
<b>Primary government</b> Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	10,859,662 - 1,583,369	11,798,675 - 1,305,791	12,892,270 - 1,534,751	13,213,836	14,887,974 - 3,327,571	16,332,568 200,446 3,798,943	17,663,876 454,022 3,429,539	18,709,247 940,123 2,168,673	19,843,244 1,065,686 2,144,102	19,940,740 1,010,455 283,107
Total primary government net position	\$ 12,443,031	<u>\$ 13,104,466</u>	\$ 14,427,021	\$ 15,886,498	\$ 18,215,545	\$ 20,331,957	\$ 21,547,437	\$ 21,818,043	\$ 23,053,032 \$	21,234,302

1) Trend data is only available for the last ten fiscal years due to implementation of GASB 34

2) Accounting standards require net position be reported in three catagories in the financial statements: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Net assets are considered restricted when 1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. TABLE 1

#### TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2006	 2007	 2008	 2009		2010	_	2011	2012		2013	2014		2015
Expenses Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Parks, recreation and cultural Community development Interest on long-term debt Non-departmental	\$ 861,508 1,278,834 1,137,172 18,399 571,915 74,191 19,775 3,762	\$ 717,663 1,371,247 1,195,888 29,134 485,523 4,768 13,021 19,745	\$ 750,048 1,680,063 1,195,768 18,697 502,666 37,805 7,455 15,264	\$ 793,862 1,788,780 1,057,026 19,267 429,139 132,685 3,479 4,469	\$	853,099 1,794,103 1,156,339 27,639 483,823 8,907 3,727 331	S	752,749 <b>\$</b> 1,711,243 1,087,526 27,892 492,531 133,659 2,907 100	725,015 \$ 1,608,733 1,156,507 29,003 558,739 202,116 2,568	5	825,324 1,770,301 1,321,308 34,398 654,966 155,970 16,125	\$ 994,202 \$ 1,724,958 1,340,341 32,417 574,353 2,700 15,805		1,051,566 1,412,244 1,012,813 25,299 582,673 15,850 15,573
Total government activities expense	 3,965,556	3,836,989	4,207,766	4,228,707		4,327,968		4,208,607	4,282,681		4,778,392	4,684,776		4,116,018
Business-Type Activities: Water Wastewater Total business-type activities expenses	 3,069,246 1,031,861 4,101,107	2,336,166 1,023,874 3,360,040	 2,324,170 1,173,133 3,497,303	 2,382,111 1,197,494 3,579,605		2,554,898 1,422,626 3,977,524		2,599,843 1,561,332 4,161,175	2,816,255 1,531,330 4,347,585		2,910,990 1,555,631 4,466,621	 2,839,093 1,499,681 4,338,774		2,612,238 1,488,939 4,101,177
Total primary government expenses	\$ 8,066,663	\$ 7,197,029	\$ 7,705,069	\$ 7,808,312	_\$	8,305,492	\$	8,369,782 \$	8,630,266 \$		9,245,013	\$ 9,023,550 \$		8,217,195
Program Revenues Governmental Activities: Charges for services Public safety Public works Parks, recreation and culture Community development	\$ 11,853 293,123 49,559	\$ 6,261 295,188 49,115	\$ 98,895 293,745 47,326	\$ 86,494 302,458 65,745	\$	90,531 298,475 82,602	\$	74,333 \$ 299,240 68,182	26,966 \$ 299,072 68,536	:	135,528 294,572 74,812	\$ 80,175 \$ 289,306 70,685 1,020		67,658 288,848 69,571
Operating grants and contributions	821,414	883,801	862,762	1,098,713		1,205,841		1,127,046	1,345,211		1,106,199	1,410,673		1,204,384
Capital grants and contributions	 96,992	66,048	87	 97,714		31,500		25,167	5,000		69,422	 867,894		93,598
Total governmental activities program revenues	 1,272,941	 1,300,413	 1,302,815	 1,651,124		1,708,949		1,593,968	1,744,785		1,680,533	 2,719,753		1,724,059
Business-Type Activities: Charges for services Water Wastewater	1,616,708 1,308,352	1,493,323 1,222,785	1,619,820 1,251,343	2,451,915 1,226,704		2,590,632 1,266,356		2,448,059 1,384,341	2,578,259 1,485,525		2,523,599 1,424,508	2,583,230 1,550,445		2,495,051 1,427,363
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-		-		-	-		-	-		-
Capital grants and contributions	 763,601	 2,241,987	 974,638	 445,790		731,453		1,931,772	1,645,042		1,186,401	 634,481		213,874
Total business-type activities program revenues	 3,688,661	 4,958,095	3,845,801	 4,124,409		4,588,441		5,764,172	5,708,826		5,134,508	 4,768,156		4,136,288
Total primary government program revenues	 4,961,602	\$ 6,258,508	\$ 5,148,616	\$ 5,775,533	\$	6,297,390	\$	7,358,140 \$	7,453,611 \$		6,815,041	\$ 7,487,909 \$	_	5,860,347
<b>Net (Expense)/Revenue</b> Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities:	\$ (2,692,615) (412,446)	\$ (2,536,576) 1,598,055	\$ (2,904,951) 348,498	\$ (2,577,583) 544,804	\$	(2,619,019) 610,917	\$	(2,614,639) \$ 1,602,997	(2,537,896) <b>\$</b> 1,361,241		(3,097,859) 667,887	\$ (1,965,023) \$ 429,382		(2,391,959) (58,487)
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	 (3,105,061)	\$ (938,521)	\$ (2,556,453)	\$ (2,032,779)	\$	(2,008,102)	\$	(1,011,642) \$	(1,176,655) \$		(2,429,972)	\$ (1,535,641) \$		(2,450,446)

#### TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION-CONTINUED (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011	2012		2013		2014		2015
General Revenues and other Changes in Net Position																			
Governmental Activities:																			
Taxes																			
Property taxes	\$	846,093	\$	845,746	\$	841,344	\$	846,783	\$	990,112	\$	996,365	\$ 985.0	82 <b>\$</b>	996,372	¢	1,021,829	¢	1,009,334
Local sales & use tax		181,639		195,894		237,048		246,805		397,989	-	278,650	210,0		200,693	Φ	188,713	Ð	216,601
Utility tax		273,123		215,039		121,292		122,002		120,987		121,666	114,8		108,135		120,608		117,459
Business license tax		226,785		255,666		258,033		259,342		255,043		257,689	272,6		262,667		224,685		
Franchise license tax		46,657		22,843		-						237,007	272,0	-	202,007		224,085		235,597
Communication tax		· -		60,863		216,926		203,829		197,280		202,260	191,7	•	212,801		- 192,354		-
Motor vehicle license		70,076		70,196		67,853		65,787		61,221		59,702	56,2		54,952				190,672
Bank stock tax		70,845		73,317		70,978		81,943		94,393		102,233	91,7				53,534		44,237
Cigarette tax		53,095		33,875		39,969		33,155		35,155		34,500	31,8		98,302		92,414		105,229
Hotel and motel room tax		14,475		13,987		10,836		12,866		13,038		11,500	10,5		33,135		25,860		28,550
Restaurant food tax		436,421		440,781		469,331		487,128		497,286		515,271			10,695		7,902		9,185
Coal road improvement tax		214,272		193,686		191,614		237,445		160,221		198,370	536,2		524,473		531,584		550,805
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue		63,052		63,443		69,912		86,329		62,828		31,672	223,1		107,719		70,663		33,727
Unrestricted investment earnings		6,209		10,898		5,407		4,595		7,805			56,1		60,080		60,070		35,252
Rental of Town property		10,370		10,026		13,768		4,595		7,803 8,596		5,988	4,4		2,507		1,696		1,676
Gain on sale of capital assets		10,570		10,020		15,708		11,504		8,390		8,240	10,04	19	44,152		14,342		14,270
Other		186,034		187,194		255,960		-		-		-		-	-		-		-
		180,034		107,194		233,900		248,148		346,326		190,321	223,92	21	198,484		160,275		425,880
Total governmental activities		2,699,146		2,693,454		2,870,271		2,947,721		3,248,280		3,014,427	3,018,62	.3	2,915,167		2,766,529		3,018,474
Business-Type Activities:																			
Unrestricted investment earnings		26,714		16,394		22,363		22,678		28,119		10.157	10.00						
Other		-		10,574		22,303		22,078		28,119		18,156	12,08	52	7,877		4,101		5,243
				·····										•	-				-
Total business-type activities	<u> </u>	26,714		16,394		22,363		22,678		28,119		18,156	12,08	2	7,877		4,101		5,243
Total primary government	_\$	2,725,860	\$	2,709,848	\$	2,892,634	\$	2,970,399	\$	3,276,399	\$	3,032,583	3,030,70	5 \$	2,923,044	\$	2,770,630	\$	3,023,717
Change in Net Position																			,,
Governmental Activities	\$	6,531	¢	156,878	¢	(34,680)	¢	270 129	e	(20.2()	¢	200 500							
Business-Type Activities	φ	(385,732)		1,614,449	و.		э	370,138	3	629,261	2	399,788 \$	,		(182,692)	\$	801,506	\$	626,514
		(305,152)		1,014,449		370,861		567,482		639,036		1,621,153	1,373,32	3	675,764		433,483		(53,244)
Total primary government	<u> </u>	(379,201)	\$	1,771,327	\$	336,181	\$	937,620	\$	1,268,297	\$	2,020,941 \$	1,854,05	0\$	493,072	\$	1,234,989	\$	573,270

1) Trend data is only available for the last ten fiscal years due to implementation of GASB 34

#### TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2006	 2007	 2008	 2009	 2010	 2011	 2012	2013	 2014	 2015
General Fund										
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,008	\$ 14,423	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	358,188	493,491	658,449	1,162,322	1,768,980	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable						\$ 486	\$ 3,794	\$ 1,588,988	\$ 1,581,391	\$ 1,587,132
Restricted						124,284	376,171	341,200	418,150	435,429
Committed						853,000	404,050	309,250	288,150	147,600
Assigned						219,516	214,338	69,424	101,539	366,522
Unassigned						999,672	1,247,385	170,111	354,236	500,743
Total general fund	\$ 358,188	\$ 493,491	\$ 658,449	\$ 1,210,330	\$ 1,783,403	\$ 2,196,958	\$ 2,245,738	\$ 2,478,973	\$ 2,743,466	\$ 3,037,426
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - :	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special Revenue fund	64,283	66,905	69,665	72,213	74,325	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable				 		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted						76,162	77,850	79,505	80,547	-
Committed						-	-	-	-	-
Assigned						-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned								 	-	-
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 64,283	\$ 66,905	\$ 69,665	\$ 72,213	\$ 74,325	\$ 76,162	\$ 77,850	\$ 79,505	\$ 80,547	\$ -

1) Trend data is only available for the last TEN fiscal years due to implementation of GASB 34

2) GASB 54 was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2011 which changes the method of reporting fund balance.

3) Prior year amounts have not been restated for the implementation of Statement 54.

#### TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2012		0011		
Revenues		2000		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015
General property taxes	\$	838,581	¢	831,352	¢	842,666	¢	010 275	•	000 1 40	•									
Other local taxes	, p	1,587,388	\$	1,515,284	Э	,,	\$	818,375	3	992,148	\$	985,417	\$	975,224	\$	991,818	\$		\$	991,206
Permits and licenses		6,366				1,683,880		1,750,302		1,832,613		1,781,841		1,739,047		1,613,572		1,508,317		1,532,062
Fines and forfeitures		,		6,830		19,624		4,698		3,184		4,672		3,726		3,078		2,382		3,814
Investment earnings		45,240		39,717		31,517		41,271		32,447		35,080		28,408		19,335		22,755		30,032
Charges for services		16,579		20,924		19,175		16,159		16,401		14,228		14,456		46,659		16,038		15,953
Other revenues		350,564		439,966		474,697		471,608		441,755		394,574		504,912		450,749		441,186		426,097
recovered cost		5,134		12,170		12,480		9,889		147,254		15,289		70,322		113,552		38,470		246,530
		114,100		113,680		128,105		124,865		126,919		128,075		122,675		121,525		121,000		146,301
Intergovernmental	<u> </u>	1,012,901		987,155		1,246,339		1,323,670		1,215,041		1,381,883		1,231,738		1,772,320		2,307,137		1,333,234
Total revenues		3,976,853		3,967,078		4,458,483		4,560,837		4,807,762		4,741,059		4,690,508		5,132,608		5,480,418		4,725,229
Expenditures																				
General government		719,051		661,192		767,943		740,792		794,343		832,597		960 110		020 40 -				
Public safety		1,209,963		1,283,365		1,658,265		1,714,114				,		850,119		928,404		918,390		898,907
Public works		1,104,490		1,285,505		1,038,203				1,693,280		1,741,189		1,588,682		1,797,006		1,719,110		1,522,304
Health and welfare		18,399		29,134		1,088,807		949,673		1,209,698		1,038,581		1,434,840		1,294,684		1,288,192		1,030,370
Parks, recreation and culture		559,841				,		19,267		27,639		27,892		29,003		34,398		32,417		25,299
Community development		,		545,334		635,346		429,224		491,009		530,460		746,227		705,609		801,096		889,901
Non-Departmental		112,581		4,768		37,805		132,685		8,907		133,659		202,116		155,970		408,345		190,337
Debt service		3,762		19,745		15,264		4,469		331		100		-		-		-		-
Principal		117,331		121 450		136 367		80.120		26.550										
Interest				121,450		125,357		80,130		26,550		27,370		29,009		68,326		52,596		65,404
increst	·····	19,775		13,021		7,455		3,479		3,727		2,907		2,568		16,125		15,804		15,573
Total expenditures		3,865,193		3,843,950		4,354,999		4,073,833		4,255,484		4,334,755		4,882,564		5,000,522		5,235,950		4,638,095
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		111,660		123,128		103,484		487,004		552,278		406,304		(192,056)		132,086		244,468		87,134
Other Financing Sources (Uses)																				
Proceeds from borrowing		-		-		-		_		_				236,000		92,302		12,698		122 500
Insurance Recoveries		15,195		14,797		64,234		67,425		22,907		9,088		6,524		10,502		8,349		123,500
Proceeds from sale of assets						-				-		-		0,524		10,502		8,349		2,779
Total other financing sources (uses)		15,195		14,797		64,234		67,425		22,907		9,088		242,524		102,804		21,047		126,279
Net change in fund balance	s	126,855	\$	137,925	\$	167,718	\$	554,429	\$	575,185	\$	415,392	¢		\$	234,890	¢	265,515	¢	
-	<u> </u>				-				<u> </u>	575,105	9	+13,372	.р	50,408	•	234,070	3	203,313	•	213,413
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		3.68%		3.63%		3.15%		2.10%		0.72%		0.70%		0.65%		1.72%		1.32%		1.78%

## TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL PROPERTY (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Years						Public	Utili	ties					
Ended		Real	Personal	Μ	lachinery	Real	]	Personal	-	Mobile	Total Assessed	Ţ	Fotal Direct
June 30	_	Estate	Property	a	nd Tools	Estate		Property		Homes	Value	Tax	rate per \$100
2015	\$	178,283,162	\$ 27,409,690	\$	306,700	\$ 8,699,675	\$	51,645	\$	894,230	\$ 215,645,102	\$	0.460
2014		177,662,445	27,945,443		168,840	6,932,855		466,022		1,017,440	214,193,045		0.478
2013		176,690,845	15,583,595		149,575	6,766,360		100,680		872,150	200,163,205		0.469
2012		176,093,320	25,913,899		167,110	8,193,105		60,590		938,860	211,366,884		0.461
2011		174,834,870	25,961,831		141,030	10,179,955		60,570		803,270	211,981,526		0.465
2010		173,298,221	25,419,146		147,540	9,506,935		61,100		766,300	209,199,242		0.474
2009		142,455,414	27,402,120		137,290	7,689,292		48,315		839,890	178,572,321		0.458
2008		140,791,413	27,097,226		118,670	8,310,736		105,154		711,290	177,134,489		0.476
2007		139,581,582	36,603,741		107,720	7,979,530		104,991		688,590	185,066,154		0.449
2006		138,217,270	26,394,076		85,215	9,931,068		122,021		637,007	175,386,657		0.478

1) Property is assessed at actual value therefore the assessed values are equal to actual value.

TABLE 6

## TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal									Overlappi	ng I	Rates
Years						 Public	Util	ities	 Wise C	_	
Ended	Real	Personal	Ν	lachinery	Mobile	 Real		Personal	 Real		Personal
June 30	Estate	 Property	a	nd Tools	Homes	Estate		Property	Estate		Property
2015	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.62	\$	0.62	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.44	\$	0.62	\$ 0.57	\$	1.49
2014	0.44	0.62		0.62	0.44	0.44	\$	0.62	0.57		1.49
2013	0.44	0.62		0.62	0.44	0.44	\$	0.62	0.57		1.49
2012	0.44	0.62		0.62	0.44	0.44	\$	0.62	0.57		1.49
2011	0.44	0.62		0.62	0.44	0.44	\$	0.62	0.57		1.49
2010	0.44	0.62		0.62	0.44	0.44	\$	0.62	0.57		1.49
2009	0.44	0.62		0.62	0.44	0.44	\$	0.62	0.57		1.49
2008	0.44	0.62		0.62	0.44	0.44	\$	0.62	0.57		1.49
2007	0.44	0.62		0.62	0.44	0.44	\$	0.62	0.57		1.49
2006	0.44	0.62		0.62	0.44	0.44	\$	0.62	0.57		1.49

Fiscal

## TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS (UNAUDITED) June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2006

June 30, 2015:

Name	Nature of Business	Assessed Value	Percent of Real Estate Levy
One Center Corp	Shopping center	4,328,600	2.43%
Heritage Hall Holding	Nursing home and elderly care	3,054,800	1.71%
Bunch Family Limited Partners	Investment Company	3,092,400	1.73%
Lonesome Pine Hospital	Health care	2,325,000	1.30%
Heritage Hall Holding	Nursing home and elderly care	1,596,700	0.90%
Don Wax Estate	Estate	1,238,100	0.69%
Powell Valley National Bank	Banking operation	1,103,400	0.62%
One Center Corp	Shopping center	935,300	0.52%
Management Properties Inc.	Investment Company	954,600	0.54%
Don Wax Estate	Estate	834,600	0.47%

June 30, 2006:

Name	Nature of Business	Assessed Value	Percent of Real Estate Levy	
One Center Corp	Shopping center	\$ 3,935,200	2.85%	
Heritage Hall Holding	Nursing home and elderly care	2,457,800	1.76%	
Lonesome Pine Hospital	Health care	1,898,000	1.36%	
Bunch Family Limited Partners	Investment Company	1,881,000	1.35%	
Heritage Hall Holding	Nursing home and elderly care	1,329,200	0.95%	
Powell Valley National Bank	Banking operation	921,500	0.66%	
One Center Corp	Shopping center	780,500	0.56%	
Naelcam LLC	Investment Company	740,100	0.53%	
Gilliam, Carl G.	Investment Company	659,800	0.47%	
Gardner, Lyle	Investment Company	648,700	0.46%	

## TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal						Percent of Total Tax		Percent of
Years		Current	Percent of	Delinquent		Collections	Outstanding	Delinquent
Ended	Total Tax	Tax	Levy	Tax	Total Tax	to Tax	Delinquent	Taxes to
June 30	Levy (1)(2)	Collections	Collected	Collections	Collections(3)	Levy	Taxes	Levy
2015	\$ 998,827	\$ 842,741	84.37%	\$ 52,467	895,208	89.63%	\$ 208,470	20.87%
2014	958,629	877,969	91.59%	50,584	928,553	96.86%	201,271	21.00%
2013	900,373	837,029	92.96%	61,030	898,059	99.74%	201,535	22.38%
2012	969,143	842,447	86.93%	41,724	884,171	91.23%	197,230	20.35%
2011	972,863	844,009	86.76%	49,976	893,985	91.89%	174,180	17.90%
2010	962,255	839,768	87.27%	60,251	900,019	93.53%	162,652	16.90%
2009	831,123	706,103	84.96%	31,218	737,321	88.71%	162,245	19.52%
2008	827,782	715,216	86.40%	40,322	755,538	91.27%	123,108	14.87%
2007	821,753	734,240	89.35%	15,275	749,515	91.21%	114,914	13.98%
2006	817,501	805,765	98.56%	14,753	820,518	100.37%	88,258	10.80%

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest.

(2) Does not include land redemptions.

(3) Commonwealth reimbursement for auto tax included in total collections.

## TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Gover	nmental					
Fiscal	Fiscal Activities		Business-Typ	be Activities			
Years	General		General Oblig	gation Bonds	Total	Percentage	
Ended	Obligation	Capital	Water	Wastewater	Primary	of Personal	Per
June 30	Bonds	Leases	Bonds	Bonds	Government	Income	Capita
2015	\$ 307,467	\$ -	\$ 10,356,456	\$ 5,228,174	\$ 15,892,097	22.13%	\$ 2,912
2014	249,371	-	10,687,765	5,527,071	16,464,207	19.80%	2,933
2013	289,271	-	10,753,327	5,983,051	17,025,649	21.39%	3,051
2012	265,295	-	11,066,168	6,574,194	17,905,657	18.94%	3,173
2011	58,304	-	11,286,791	7,081,552	18,426,647	20.19%	3,282
2010	85,674	-	11,435,252	7,668,127	19,189,053	15.23%	3,286
2009	112,224	-	11,019,967	4,263,321	15,395,512	13.13%	2,630
2008	-	79,596	8,485,007	2,776,890	11,341,493	10.48%	1,937
2007	18,762	186,191	8,620,389	2,964,524	11,789,866	14.04%	2,069
2006	36,404	289,999	8,435,936	2,933,541	11,695,880	13.46%	1,980

Notes:

(1) Center for Public Service at the University of Virginia and Big Stone Gap town staff estimates

(2) Includes all general long-term debt obligations

(3) Data only available for last ten years

TABLE 10

## TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

General Bonded Debt				
Outstanding	Percentage of			
General	Actual Taxable			
Obligation	Value of	Per		
Bonds	Property	Capita		
\$ 9,757,904	4.52%	\$ 1,788		
10,145,875	4.74%	1,807		
10,370,509	5.18%	1,859		
10,762,717	5.09%	1,907		
10,796,397	5.09%	1,923		
11,079,045	5.30%	1,897		
7,063,175	3.96%	1,207		
-	0.00%	-		
18,762	0.01%	3		
36,404	0.02%	6		
	Debt Outstanding General Obligation Bonds \$ 9,757,904 10,145,875 10,370,509 10,762,717 10,796,397 11,079,045 7,063,175 - 18,762	Debt         Percentage of           Outstanding         Percentage of           General         Actual Taxable           Obligation         Value of           Bonds         Property           \$ 9,757,904         4.52%           10,145,875         4.74%           10,370,509         5.18%           10,762,717         5.09%           11,079,045         5.30%           7,063,175         3.96%           -         0.00%           18,762         0.01%		

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1) Details regarding the town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

#### TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2006		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Assessed valuations Assessed value of taxed real property	\$ 138,21	7,270 <b>\$</b>	139,581,582	<b>\$</b> 140,791,413 <b>\$</b>	142,455,414 \$	173,298,221 \$	174,834,870 \$	176,093,320 \$	176,690,845 \$	177,662,445 \$	178,283,162
Legal debt margin Debt limit - 10 percent of total assessed value	12.97	1,727	13.958.158	14,079,141	14,245,541	17,329,822	17,483,487	17,609,332	17 660 085	17 766 245	17 929 216
assessed value	13,82	1,727	13,938,138	14,079,141	14,243,341	17,329,822	[7,485,487	17,009,332	17,669,085	17,766,245	17,828,316
Debt applicable to limitation: Total bonded debt	11,40	5,882	11,603,675	11,261,897	15,395,312	19,189,053	18,426,647	17,905,657	17,025,649	16,464,207	15,892,097
Less - water and wastewater revenue bonds	(11,36	9,478)	(11,584,913)	(11,261,897)	(8,332,137)	(8,110,008)	(7,630,250)	(7,142,940)	(6,655,140)	(6,318,332)	(6,134,193)
Total amount of debt applicable to debt limitation	3	6,404	18,762		7,063,175	11,079,045	10,796,397	10,762,717	10,370,509	10,145,875	9,757,904
Legal debt margin	<u>\$ 13,78</u>	5,323 <u></u> \$	13,939,396	\$ 14,079,141 <b>\$</b>	7,182,366 \$	6,250,777 \$	6,687,090 <b>\$</b>	6,846,615 \$	7,298,576 \$	7,620,370 \$	8,070,412
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		0.26%	0.13%	0.00%	49.58%	63.93%	61.75%	61.12%	58.69%	57.11%	54.73%

## TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal			Wa	ter Revenue Bo	onds		
Years	Utility	Utility Less: Net					
Ended	Service	Operating	Available				
June 30	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Debt Service Interest	Total	Coverage
2015	\$ 2,495,051	\$ 1,640,066	\$ 854,985	\$ 370,347	\$ 359,425	\$ 729,772	1.17
2014	2,583,230	1,873,897	709,333	353,964	368,622	722,586	0.98
2013	2,493,380	1,943,576	549,804	344,147	344,590	688,737	0.80
2012	2,523,599	1,841,596	682,003	1,485,382	374,440	1,859,822	0.37
2011	2,558,553	1,665,123	893,430	294,930	415,768	710,698	1.26
2010	2,448,059	1,674,175	773,884	268,867	411,984	680,851	1.14
2009	2,590,632	1,556,626	1,034,006	1,739,185	361,187	2,100,372	0.49
2008	2,451,915	1,533,841	918,074	192,773	336,225	528,998	1.74
2007	1,619,820	1,535,984	83,836	186,661	348,932	535,593	0.16
2006	1,493,323	2,415,831	(922,508)	421,558	343,308	764,866	(1.21)
					·		()
Fiscal			Waste	water Revenue	Bonds		
Years	Utility	Less:	Net		Donus		
Ended	Service	Operating	Available				
June 30	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Debt Service Interest	Total	Coverage
2015	\$ 1,427,363	\$ 817,037	\$ 610,326	\$ 298,897	\$ 71,450	\$ 370,347	1.65
2014	1,550,445	822,170	728,275	455,980	73,592	529,572	1.38
2013	1,412,109	872,462	539,647	613,007	69,453	682,460	0.79
2012	1,424,508	848,351	576,157	868,556	75,513	944,069	0.73
2011	1,485,525	896,433	589,092	586,575	84,094	670,669	0.88
2010	1,384,341	796,734	587,607	382,611	64,894	447,505	1.31
2009	1,266,356	786,454	479,902	729,031	17,333	746,364	
2008	1,226,704	773,575	453,129	381,101	17,535	740,304 399,671	0.64
2007	1,251,343	655,408	595,935	381,701	19,799	401,500	1.13
2006	1,222,785	655,617	567,168	359,033	20,967	401,500 380,000	1.48
2005	1,308,352	599,795	708,557	336,417	20,907 22,085	,	1.49
	1,000,002	5,7,75	/00,55/	550,417	22,083	358,502	1.98

1) Details regarding the town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expense.

# TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN YEARS

Fiscal						
Years			Per Capita			
Ended		Personal	Median	Median	School	Unemployment
June 30	Population	Income	Income	Age	Enrollment	Rate
2015	5,457	\$ 71,808,663	13,159	33.3	1,793	8.90%
2014	5,614	83,132,112	14,808	35.0	1,813	4.60%
2013	5,580	79,593,120	14,264	36.0	1,859	5.50%
2012	5,643	94,542,822	16,754	39.4	1,887	7.70%
2011	5,614	91,249,956	16,254	40.2	1,758	7.35%
2010	5,839	126,028,976	21,584	39.8	1,795	6.80%
2009	5,854	117,267,328	20,032	39.2	1,762	6.60%
2008	5,854	108,176,066	18,479	39.8	1,733	4.10%
2007	5,698	83,960,030	14,735	38.6	1,647	4.10%
2006	5,906	86,877,260	14,710	39.7	1,652	4.80%

1)

Source: census data, Spurling's Best Places, citymelt.com and city-date.com

2) Data only available for last ten years

# TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (UNAUDITED) CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

## June 30, 2015

June 30, 2015		Total
Employer	Product or Service	Estimated _Employment*
Wallens Ridge State Prison	Public Agency	250-499
Mountain Empire Community College	Public Agency	250-499
Mountain Empire Older Citizens	Public Agency	250-499
Town of Big Stone Gap	Public Agency	50-99

June 30, 2006		Total
Employer	Product or Service	Estimated Employment*
Wallens Ridge Correctional Center	Public Agency	438
Lonesome Pine Hospital	Health Care	404
Mountain Empire Community College	Public Agency	374
Town of Big Stone Gap	Public Agency	85

1) Fiscal year 2005-2006 is first year of data available 2) Source: Virginia Employment Commission

## TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION (UNADITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
unction									-	24.12
General government										
Management services	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Finance	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
Planning	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Building	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Other	6.5	7	8	8	6.5	7.5	5.5	4	4	3
Public safety										
Officers	16	17	18	18	16.5	16.5	16	15	15	
Civilians	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	3	3	
Public works										
Refuse collection	3	3	4	4	4	3	5	3	4	
Streets	2	10	7	8	7	7	6	6	6	
other	10	9	10	9	11	9	8.5	9	9.5	
Parks and recreation										
Parks	6.5	5.5	6	5.5	5.5	6	7	2	5.5	
Other	7.5	7.5	8	5.5	6	4	5	1	5	3
Water operations	5	6	7	7	7.5	7	8	5	12.5	
Wastewater operations	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4	3.5	4	3	3.5	:

1) Source: Town's finance department

#### TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Public safety										
Citations written	1,225	1,240	1,583	1,818	1,288	1,420	1,326	694	1,188	1,161
Water operations										
Number of service connections	3,925	3,911	3,922	3,941	3,947	3,930	3,841	3,861	3,883	3,844
Average daily consumption in gallons	852,000	762,000	762,000	884,034	786,236	799,009	734,759	894,172	760,107	653,728
Maximum daily capacity of plant in gallons	3,182,000	3,180,000	3,180,000	3,180,000	3,180,000	4,000,000	3,200,000	3,200,000	3,200,000	3,200,000
Wastewater operations										
Number of service connections	2,664	2,723	2,639	2,438	2,660	2,639	2,701	2,749	2,601	2,585
Average daily treatment in gallons	1,580,000	1,580,000	1,580,000	1,796,167	1,251,478	1,533,083	1,758,417	1,904,167	1,474,000	1,932,600
Maximum daily capacity of plant in gallons	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000

#### TOWN OF BIG STONE GAP, VIRGINIA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
	-									
Public safety										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Number of patrol units	10	10	10	10	10	11	10	10	11	11
Public works										
Streets (miles)	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	68	68	(0)
Streetlights	574	574	574	574	574	574	574	571	571	68 571
Traffic signals	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	571	5/1
Water operations										
Miles of water main	56	56	56	56	56	56	51			
Number of fire hydrants	300	300	300	300	300	300	56 300	56 300	47 361	85 361
							500	500	501	501
Wastewater operations										
Miles of sanitary sewers	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	34	34
Miles of storm sewers	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	34 8
Number of treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8 1	8
Number of pumping stations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	1	7
					-	•	0	0	,	/